MILWAUKEE DAILY SENTINEL.

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THE SENTINEL.

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INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

JERMAIN & BRIGHTMAN,
Publishers and Proprietors.

J. JERMAIN.....H. M. BRIGHTMAN

MONDAY MORNING, APRIL 16, 1860.

Arrival and Departure of Railroad Trains, and Hour of Closing Mails.

MILWAUKEE & CHICAGO

Depart.	Arrive.	Mails Close.
7:00 A. M.	1:15 P. M.	9:00 P. M.
2:00 P. M.	7:20 P. M.	2:00 P. M.
MILWAUKEE & MINNESOTA.		
8:30 A. M.	4:50 P. M.	9:00 P. M.
4:55 P. M.	1:00 P. M.	12:30 P. M.
MILWAUKEE & MISSISSIPPI.		
7:00 A. M.	4:00 P. M.	9:00 A. M.
5:00 P. M.	11:25 A. M.	5:00 P. M.
7:00 P. M.	4:25 P. M.	7:00 P. M.
MILWAUKEE & MADISON.		
7:00 A. M.	10 30 A. M.	9:00 P. M.
2:00 P. M.	6:30 P. M.	12:30 P. M.
MILWAUKEE, WATERTOWN & BARABOO VALLEY.		
2:00 P. M.	11:55 A. M.	3:30 P. M.
DUTE-UP & MILWAUKEE.		
11:00 A. M.	11:00 A. M.	
1:30 P. M.	10:30 P. M.	

☞ For Telegraph, &c., see Fourth Page. ☜

News Digest.

The first arrival by the overland pony express route is announced, the trip having been made in the almost incredible short space of ten days. San Francisco dates are to the 4th inst. The State capital is permanently located at Sacramento, an appropriation having been made for the erection of a capitol building. The U. S. Steamer *Powhatan* arrived at San Francisco on the 27th ult., from Japan, having on board the Japanese embassy. Accounts from the Carson Valley or Washoe gold and silver mines are of a highly flattering character. The mineral district is said to extend a hundred miles in every direction. The emigration from California to the mines is immense, and it is estimated that two months hence the population of Carson Valley will reach 50,000. Provisions are very scarce, and flour was selling at the enormous price of forty dollars per one hundred pounds.

The fine steamship *Adriatic* has again been placed in the ocean service, and sailed on Saturday for Southampton.

A severe snow storm occurred at Buffalo Friday night, covering the ground to the depth of several inches. What a region!

The Vote for Chief Justice.

We annex all the returns, official or reported, of the late election of Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, so far as they have reached us:

Counties.	Dixon.	Sloan.
Adams,	----	316*
Ashland,	----	250
Bad Ax,	----	----
Buffalo,	150	----
Brown,	1,414*	----
Columbia,	577*	----
Calumet,	24*	----
Crawford,	----	50
Clark,	50	----
Chippewa,	95*	----
Crawford,	100	----
Dane,	----	100
Dodge,	1,577*	403*
Door,	150	----
Eau Claire,	25	----
Fond du Lac,	----	390*
Grant,	----	1,424*
Green,	----	905*
Green Lake,	----	1,035*
Iowa,	----	151*
Iowa,	----	----
Jefferson,	600	----
Juneau,	420*	170*
Jackson,	----	665*
Kenosha,	----	----
Kewaukee,	100	----
La Crosse,	----	----
Lafayette,	400	----
Manitowoc,	2,535*	----
Milwaukee,	1,504*	----
Marquette,	490*	----
Marathon,	201*	----
Monroe,	----	376*
Outagamie,	92*	----
Ozaukee,	501*	----
Portage,	14*	----
Racine,	----	100
Richland,	----	100*
Rock,	----	100
Sheboygan,	297*	----
Sauk,	----	3,144*
Shawano,	----	32*
Sheboygan,	51*	----
Sauk,	----	941*
Taylor,	----	----
Trempealeau,	----	350
Walworth,	----	1,356*
Washington,	1,351*	----
Waukesha,	----	1,015*
Waupaca,	20*	----
Waushara,	207*	207*
Winnebago,	----	754*
Wood,	220	----
Wisconsin,	----	764*
Total,	15,617	15,415

The above figures leave Dixon some 229 ahead. Sixteen counties to be heard from officially. The result is still in doubt.

The International Fisticuff.

To-day is the day set apart for the exhibition of the picked bone and sinew of two continents in the prize ring. Not only the sporting world, but the civilized world stands agog; and it is unreasonable to suppose that not even the Charleston Convention can attract its due amount of attention, until this great "mill" shall have been decided. If the interesting spectacle comes off to-day, as per programme, and these two animated specimens of blood and muscle succeed in destroying, by the use of their fists all the effects of so long and careful a course of training—if they lacerate, and pound, and mutilate one another, until even the vast amount of vitality stored up for the occasion shall be exhausted—if one of them is disfigured and metamorphosed by science from a model of physical beauty, to a horrible spectacle of disgusting brutality—England or America will, it is reasonable to suppose, have occasion to rejoice and write doggerel over the event. Though in our humble opinion, the banner of civilization ought to be bagged, for the occasion, in crape.

We publish this morning, on another page, a letter treating the subject in the "accepted style;" those of our readers who are given to "animal admiration" will find it interesting.

Communication from S. M. Booth.

UNITED STATES PRISON, CUSTOM HOUSE,
Milwaukee, April 15, 1860.

EDITOR DAILY SENTINEL:—The *News* of the 13th inst., has an article on my prison treatment, so untrue and unjust, that I ask the privilege of replying briefly through your columns. To its unauthorized judgment on the *motives* of my acts, I shall not reply. I simply wish to correct its misstatements of facts:

1. It charges that "money [enough] was voluntarily contributed and sent to him [me] from all parts of the North, years ago, to liquidate the fine, judgment and expenses incurred by him. He devoted it to other uses, and decided to take the chances against the United States."

The *News* has no excuse for this falsehood, for both the Committee and myself published a detailed and exact account of all monies contributed, and expenses incurred on account of the Glover Rescue suits, over four years ago. At that time I had paid out of my own pocket nearly *Five Hundred Dollars more*, in defending those suits, than was contributed for that purpose. *Since* that time, no money has been contributed on account of these suits, and I have had the expense of two additional suits in the Circuit and Supreme Courts of this State, which are yet undecided. Since my imprisonment, I have furnished to Mr. SHOLES, of the *Free Democrat*, at his suggestion, a definite statement of the amount of money received and expended by me in these suits up to the time that contributions came, and I gave the date of the papers in which every dollar, with the names of the donors, of all the contributions were published, in order to give the public an opportunity of verifying or disproving the truth of my statement. Whether Mr. SHOLES published that statement, I know not, as the discriminating U. S. Government officials do not permit me to see the *Free Democrat*.

The *News* complains that I am *too well treated*, "fed like an alderman, waited on like a nobleman, permitted to enjoy all the luxuries of life, except that of unrestrained liberty—he is in confinement, and that is all that can be said of it; the United States should *complain*, if anybody, of his treatment, which is *no punishment, and scarcely an inconvenience!*" Magnanimous, veracious *News!* I have not asked the United States to furnish me an armed body guard. Let them be dismissed. I don't ask the Government to bar my windows, lest I should fall out and hurt myself; to bolt my shutters and keep me, as it has done sometimes, by day, in darkness, to save my eye-sight; to refuse me, as it sometimes has, all books and papers lest I should strain my intellect with excess of reading; to determine *what* books and papers I may read, and *when* I may read them; to guard my wife from seeing me oftener than once a week, and then but *half an hour* at a time, with the doors kept open and officers on the watch! All this precious care of me physically, intellectually, morally, spiritually and socially, is not of my seeking and is entirely voluntary on the part of the Government. It is its free-will offering to the honor and glory of the Fugitive Slave Act.

The *News* complains that I don't either pay my fine or ask for pardon. And it urges the Marshal to treat me more severely, in order to compel me to do it—to make me sick of my imprisonment. It says, "we believe that his treatment, without resorting to harshness or cruelty, should be such as to make him sick of it!" That sounds natural. It is just the way the slaveholders and slave-drivers talk about their slaves! They are always *too* indulgent and *too* kind to them! They are too well paid and cared for—as I am—and should be put on short allowance, and treated with more severity, to make them *know their places!*

We assure the editor of the *News* that it is entirely useless to adopt any more stringent measures to make us sick of our present lodgings or landlord. We are thoroughly disgusted—sick unto loathing—with both. We thank him for his kindly interference in our affairs, to dictate to the Marshal his future treatment of us. We see the sardonic smile overspreading his face, as he took upon himself the office of United States Prison Director. We shall henceforth think of him as the guardian devil of the diabolical Fugitive Slave Act. Truly yours,

S. M. BOOTH.

Origin of the Potter and Pryor Difficulty.

The following is the telegraphic account to the New York papers of the origin of the difficulty between Messrs. POTTER and PRYOR, in the House of Representatives, on Wednesday last:

Mr. Pryor (Dem., Va.,) rising to a question of privilege, read from the *Globe* concerning the difficulty of Thursday, and quoted the following:

"Mr. Pryor (advancing from the Democratic side of the House toward the area, where Mr. Lovejoy stood)—The gentleman from Illinois [Lovejoy] shall not approach this side of the House, shaking his fists and talking in the way he has talked. It is said enough to be compelled to sit here and hear him utter his treasonable and insulting language; but he shall not, sir, come upon this side of the House, shaking his fists in our faces.

"Mr. Potter—We listened to gentlemen upon the other side for eight weeks, when they denounced the members upon this side with violent and offensive language. We listened to them quietly, and heard them through; and now, sir, this side shall be heard, let the consequences be what they may.

"Mr. Pryor—This is the point I make: Let the gentleman speak from his seat, and say all under the rules he is entitled to; but, sir, he should not come upon this side, shaking his fists in our faces, and talking in the style he has talked. He shall not come here gesticulating in a menacing and ruffianly manner.

"Mr. Potter—You are doing the same thing."

Mr. Pryor, after this reading, said it was due to himself to say, on that occasion he did not recognize the honorable member, or hear any word from his lips; nor was he singular in this oblivion of his presence. The newspapers in giving separate accounts of the proceedings, made no reference to his presence; but, finding him reported in the *Globe* he would admit the member was there. He discovered that the member had interpolated the record in a manner touching personal relations in a most material regard. The member had interpolated the words, "Let the consequences be what they may," and "you are doing the same thing." Then again, after the words as taken down by the reporters, "I do not think that side of the House has a right to say where a gentleman shall speak," the gentleman adds, "and he shall not."

Mr. Potter was very much surprised to hear the gentleman say that he did not see him on the occasion alluded to, but he had no right to say the gentleman did see him—He stood within a few feet of the gentleman, and after Mr. Pryor had made the remark as to Mr. Lovejoy shaking his fist, he (Potter) said, "You are doing the same thing." He had a right to do what he did, and gentlemen did the same thing. It was perfectly natural, where there were so many talking, that the reporters should not have distinctly heard all the remarks.

Mr. Pryor replied that the member might have been here, but he (Pryor) did not see him. He did in two instances substitute one word for another, in no respect changing the sense of his meaning, and not putting himself in a more heroic attitude. He understood the gentleman then to say that on that occasion he (Pryor,) in a ruffianly and violent manner, approached and gesticulated toward the member from Illinois (Lovejoy). Was he to understand further that the member intended by that any menace or offence?

Mr. Potter replied that what he meant was this: While the member from Virginia was making the charge about Lovejoy shaking his fists, he (Potter)said, very naturally, "You are doing the same thing." Mr. Potter said he deprecated the shaking of fists on one side as much as the other, and he stood by what he had said. He considered that a member has the right to correct his remarks from the notes of reporters and to supply omissions. He would ask Mr. Pryor whether he (Pryor) did not erase his (Potter's) remarks after it was put in by the reporters.—What right had he to do this without consultation with him It was a liberty no gentleman should take with another, and he (Potter) would suffer his right arm to fall off before he would do it.

Mr. Pryor—The gentleman wants to know by what authority I erased matter he interpolated. I erased no word the reporters had written, but I felt authorized to erase the unwarrantable and impertinent interjection made in the notes of the reporters. The gentleman stands by the language. I understand him to give me liberty of construing his remarks as I choose. Whether or no he will stand by it, the sequel will prove. [Laughter on the Republican side.]

Mr. Davis (Rep., Mass.) said that he heard Mr. Potter make the remarks.

Mr. PRYOR, we presume, is entirely satisfied by this time that Mr. POTTER "will stand by what he says, let the consequences be what they may."

New York Matters.

NEW YORK, April 14—9 P. M.

Hon. John Sherman last night addressed a large, respectable and highly enthusiastic audience, at the Cooper Institute, of both sexes. Ex-Governor Ford, of Ohio, at the close, was called upon and made an eloquent and humorous address.

Fire at La Crosse.

LA CROSSE, April 14—3 P. M.

The steam saw and grist mill of Mr. Hirchermer, took fire last night about 12 o'clock, and was entirely destroyed. The mill had been running through the day. Loss $8000; no insurance.

Snow Storm in Buffalo.

BUFFALO, April 14—3 P. M.

Six inches of snow fell last night. It was snowing hard this morning. Weather cold.

THE CITY.

Common Council.

The Board of Aldermen met on Saturday, and refused to concur in the amendments of the Board of Councilors fixing the salaries of the city officers as follows:

Clerk,	$1,200
City Attorney,	1,200
Comptroller,	1,200
Deputy "	800

The Joint Convention of both Boards afterwards assembled and listened to two petitions from gentlemen wishing to become candidates for Bridge Superintendents, for the annual sums of $300 or $400.

These petitions were laid on the table.

The City Attorney (Mr. LADUE) then submitted his opinion in regard to the City Treasurer elect, which was that the election of Mr. TESCH was null and void—which opinion was accepted.

A motion then prevailed to defer the election of City Clerk, until after the salary had been determined on, and Mr. ALEXANDER H. BOLTON was elected City Clerk *pro tem.*

THE TWO MAESTROS.—A pretty little war is now going on between the two musical associations through their respective organs, the *See Bote* and *Atlas*. Mr. SOBOLEWSKI, sustains the part of a local ULLMAN, and the great BALATKA is our MARETZEC. Each champion marshalling under his *baton* a valiant chorus, ready to do battle in the sharpest key and at the most terrible "time" for his respective cause. This melodic battle has been rendered somewhat discordant by the voluntary introduction of a bass chord on the part of the *Wisconcin*. The ubiquitous CLODIUS—who haunts our local operas and concerts with as much discomfiture to the fine arts as ever CARL SCHURZ proved to JACKSON HADLEY—has intruded a solo, performed under the direction of President FINKLER. We do not know whether there was an accompaniment of dollar bats, or whether the customary incentive of apple rolls was sufficient to buy up the caustic of the Home Department; but the inevitable CLODIUS aims an unskillful blow at Mr. SOBOLEWSKI and the Philharmonic Society, and attempts to reply to an article in the *Atlas*, which he admits he has not read.

We, having read the *Atlas*, can appreciate the sentence which says, "CLODIUS don't understand what he is talking about."

We must say this is as silly as it is characteristic. We profess to have no more partiality for either society than is exacted by either society's virtues; and propose to have nothing to do with their discordant actions, so long as they afford us ample field for criticism in their more pleasing and legitimate sphere of music.

The Musical Society deserves the support of Milwaukee, but does the *Wisconsin* pretend to say no other society does not? We confess CLODIUS got above the natural compass of his voice when he sung us that measure, and asserted, in substance, that no other musical effort would be countenanced here so long as the original society was in existence.

However, there is no prospect of our CLODIUS making himself heard. The other parts are too strong for him. Besides, like that old man in "Bleak House," having flung his pillow, he subsides collapsed, and a month of silence is necessary for recuperation before he can be bolstered up and made ready for another throw.

Mr. SOBELEWSKI is a man entirely unapproachable in musical lore in this community, or, indeed, in the West. Milwaukee might well be proud of his residence here, and we desire to see him succeed, but while we cannot hope to see him successful, unless he consults the popular taste to some extent, we can admire and respect him, and we deprecate the twaddle which besets him occasionally. We believe in allowing the two societies to stand solely on their own merits. If Mr. BALATKA is more successful than his rival we shall say so, and most assuredly *vice versa*, regardless of feuds and follies existing and protruded before the public.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE.—About 4 o'clock Saturday morning, a fire broke out in the northern (untenanted) wing of the large brick block, on Prospect street, owned by Mr. REIS, and occupied by himself and Mr. DIEDRICH. The alarm spread slowly, and the Fire Department, having a long distance to go, did not get upon the ground till the entire block was wrapped in flames. Supply Hose was the first to reach the scene, closely followed by engine company No. 1. The same pond, which, on previous occasions in that neighborhood has proved so useful, furnished a good supply of water. The firemen, however, could do but little, except to stay the progress of the fire beyond REIS' block. The families in the adjoining tenements on the south were much alarmed, as there was a breeze from the North, which carried the sparks and cinders of the burning block some distance. The furniture from several of the houses was all moved out, and in others got ready for a rapid start, if it had been found necessary. Mr. DIEDRICH and Mr. REIS saved a good part of their furniture. There was an insurance of $8,000 on the block and $1,000 on the furniture in MONTGOMERY'S Agency. This will nearly cover the loss. Mr. DIEDRICH had his own house on Prospect street, burnt over his head last winter, and is now a second time driven out by fire.

REPORT OF CHIEF ENGINEER EVISTON.—We find by looking over the report of the Chief of the Fire Department for the last year, that the total amount of loss by fire in this city since March 21st, 1858, is no less a sum than $12,562,000.

The report urges upon the Common Council the necessity of a general fire alarm bell to be used for fires only. It is the opinion of Mr. EVISTON that the saving such a bell would make in the wear and tear of apparatus would soon pay for it. As it is, the firemen find it impossible at times to reach the fire in time, on account of the bells not properly designating the district.

CLODIUS.—We were prevented on Saturday, by the extraordinary pressure on our columns, from publishing the list of sermons. We observe, with much regret, that CLODIUS, of the *Wisconsin*, by a singular co-incidence, suffered from the same thing at the same time. This shows how much CLODY depends on us, the dear fellow.

SABBATH SCHOOL ASSOCIATION.—An adjourned meeting of this Association will be held this evening at the First Baptist Church. Mr. J. P. SAMUELS, Sunday School Missionary for this State, who has recently returned from the East, will address the meeting.

READ THE PROSPECTUS of the Campaign SENTINEL. We shall be ready to furnish the entire State with Republican documents at the opening of the Campaign. Let no friend to the cause be without them himself, or suffer his neighbors to be without them.

FESS' Jaundice Bitters are pronounced an excellent remedy for Jaundice. Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, &c. It acts as a fine tonic, and is carefully prepared from the recipe of one of our most experienced physicians. It is prepared and sold by HENRY FESS JR., 195 East Water street.

The Chamber of Commerce.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—Allow me to offer a few further remarks, relative to the late action of the Chamber of Commerce of this city, and in doing so, permit me to say at the outset, that I am prompted by no controversial spirit, but rather by motives of a conciliating nature, hoping that what I may say will tend to allay rather than excite any and all feelings which have a tendency to prevent and oppose a reconciliation of all parties, upon this much to-be regretted and unpleasant action.

My statements, made in your paper of Thursday, may have been, as you say, too highly colored—if so, it was not owing to any intention on my part to state the matter in any other light than I conceived it to exist—or than the facts would clearly warrant; and, notwithstanding, one of your correspondents, in the SENTINEL of Friday morning, attempts to prove my assertions erroneous, by citing certain votes to which my article had no reference whatever, I think by referring to the record of Saturday evening and Monday noon, he will find my statements not far out of the way.

I aimed to give you, in a very hasty and brief manner, the real cause of the withdrawal of the gentlemen who left the Board—thinking that the one assigned by your Reporter an incorrect one, and that his remarks seemed to reflect somewhat unjustly upon the action of those parties.

That their action was the wisest, most considerate or politic, I do not pretend to decide. It may have been as you suggest, rather hasty. But that their deliberations and judgments were not considerate, or that they were not actuated, in the course they took by a regard for the best interests of the grain trade of this port, I cannot admit. When an organization fails to accomplish the object for which its member organize or combine together, resolution of *action*, as well as sentiment, is not only excusable, but necessary in order to bring such body back to a regard for its original objects. Doubtless these gentlen felt that such an occasion presented itself at that time, and that something besides talk was required, and acted accordingly. Whether they judged wisely remains to be told.

I have never observed, on the part of those gentlemen, a disposition to "rule or ruin," neither do I think they manifested such a spirit on that occasion—only a regard for what they conceived to be the best interest of the grain trade of Milwaukee. They are pretty well known in this community, and the public will form its own opinion.

The matter of inspection, of which your correspondent speaks, was only, I thought, one manifestation of the spirit of certain parties in the Board of which I spoke before. Had the resolutions which were introduced by the grain dealers generally, tending to conciliate and harmonize all parties, which were passed almost unanimously on Monday, been passed on Saturday evening, instead of being voted down, as they were, under a call for the previous question, thus cutting off all debate or consideration of any kind, the action of the Board would have been satisfactory and all subsequent action never thot of. This has all passed, however, and perhaps it were better that it be not referred to again.

We understand that the two bodies are consulting together with reference to a union and as the matter of locality, I am informed, is the only point now unadjusted, I doubt not a reconciliation will soon be effected; for I cannot think a matter of so little importance as the location of a room, in which to hold their meetings, can for a great length of time divide the Chamber of Commerce of the City of Milwaukee, composed, as it is, of many of our most honorable, high-minded merchants and business men. E.

A Correction.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—I am informed that the paragraph in the report of the Milwaukee Methodist S. S. Union, relating to the removal of the Mission S. S. of the North Presbyterian Church has been misapprehended. I would disclaim any ungenerous reference or allusion. The removal was caused, as I always supposed, by the fact that in its old quarters the school was greatly straightened for room, and the new location was adjacent to the old one, and its accommodations greatly superior. I have every reason to believe also, that at the time of the removal, the managers of the school were unaware of the establishment of the Seventh Ward Mission S. S. There is no rivalry between the two schools. I make this explanation with great pleasure.

G. S. LORD STARKS.

Milwaukee, April 14th, 1860.

DETROIT AND MILWAUKEE RAILWAY COMPANY.—We learn from the Detroit *Tribune* that the Detroit and Milwaukee Railway Company has, under a decree of the U. S. Circuit Court, passed into the hands of a receiver, on a foreclosure of its third and fourth mortgages; default having been made in the payment of interest on them for the past two years. Mr. C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director of the Great Western (Canada) Railway, has been appointed Receiver by the Court. This involves no change in the existing management, or operations of the road.

MUNICIPAL COURT, April 14.—Johanna Hirman, disorderly; penalty and costs $2. Paid.

Mary Henton, disorderly; penalty and costs $5,62. Paid.

John Emery, disorderly; penalty and costs $3,42. Paid.

R. Mansfield, drunk. Penalty and costs $2,42, or five days in jail.

C. Doerfler, making threats. Held to bail in the sum of $500, to keep the peace for six months, and paid costs.

THE BEST FLOUR—A WORD TO HOUSEWIVES.—The whitest, purest, and "lightest" flour is that sold by HUNN & CROSBY, called the "St. Joseph XXXX. W. S. Premium Flour." We advise all to try it and see if we are not right.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.—"Marble Faun," 2 vols., $1 50, by NATHANIEL HAWTHORN; "Foot Falls upon the Boundary of the other World," by R. D OWEN; "Dime Song Book No. 6;" Eclectic Magazine for April; Frank Leslie's Magazine for April; Blackwood for March; Le Bon Ton for April; "Misrepresentation," a novel by ANNA H. DAURT; Illustrated London News for March. Subscriptions received for every American and English paper or periodical published.—Please call at 25 Wisconsin Street.

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SERIOUS RAILROAD ACCIDENT.

Dreadful Act of Malice—Miraculous Escape of Passengers.

The express train of the St. Louis, Alton & Chicago Railroad, which left this city on Thursday morning, met with a serious accident at a small creek about three miles north of Springfield, called Three Mile Bridge, where the track crosses a small but deep ravine, on trestle work about thirty-five feet high.

The train was made up of the Engine "No. 20," a baggage car, second-class car, first-class car, and sleeping car, and was running at the time fifteen miles an hour. The accident occurred about 9 o'clock. At the point in question some fiend in human shape had removed a rail, at the deepest part of the hollow. The engine was thrown and forward, carrying the trestle work before it, and landed in the small creek. The engineer, Mr. Cutter, stuck to his machine, and wonderfully enough, escaped with but few bruises. The fireman leaped off in safety.

The three forward cars were thrown off the trestle work, leaving only the sleeping car on the track. In the baggage car, the express messenger occupied the forward end. The other contents of the car were a horse and the baggage. The messenger, Mr. Parker, was extricated from beneath the two last, uninjured.

Strange to say no person in either the second or first class cars was injured so severely as yet to be able to resume their journey. A brakeman who was on the front platform of the former car was pretty severely though not dangerously injured. Conductor Hodges was in the sleeping car, having just passed through his train. From the first investigation as soon as lights could be procured, it seemed that every passenger had escaped uninjured in this leap into a thirty-foot chasm, but on clearing the wreck, the crushed bodies of two young men were found between the tender and the baggage car, where it is supposed they had been secretly *stealing a ride on the platform.*

At the inquest held it could not be ascertained who they were, but it was believed that they were the same young men who a day or two previous had stolen a ride into Springfield on a freight car and had lodged in the round house. They were of poor appearance, and nothing was found on their persons to identify them.

By near vicinity to Springfield a prompt and efficient relief was sent, and most of the passengers went forward on an extra train A large force was set at work at the repairs of the trestle work, and the day train was detained only twenty minutes at the break. All will be in usual order to-day. It was altogether a most wonderful escape. It is a pity the wretch yet lives who removed that rail.—*Chicago Tribune of Saturday.*

Western Union and Wisconsin State Telegraph
Office—Free Democrat Block, Milwaukee.

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CONVEYANCER AND NOTARY PUBLIC, No. 139 Market Square, Milwaukee, Wis. ap5d1y

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WILL REMOVE
THEIR
Wall Paper and Window Shade
EMPORIUM,
TO YOUNG'S BLOCK,
MAIN STREET,
THE FIRST OF MAY.
ap25 1859d1tf

AUGUST FLERTZHEIM,
CABINET MAKER,
AND MANUFACTURER OF
FINE & COMMON FURNITURE.
UPHOLSTERY IN ALL ITS BRANCHES,
Oneida Street, North Side,
TWO DOORS EAST OF THE BRIDGE. ap14 d1tf

STEAM.
New York Southampton and Havre.
THE VANDERBILT EUROPEAN LINE of United States Mail steamships sail every fortnight between New York, Southampton and Havre:

	From New York for Southampton and Havre.	Returning from Havre and Southampton.
VANDERBILT, Lefevre,	Sat., May 5	Wed., May 23
ILLINOIS, Grime,	Sat., May 19	Wed., June 6
	Sat., June 2	Wed., June 20
VANDERBILT, Lefevre,	Sat., June 16	Wed., July 4
ILLINOIS, Griffin,	Sat., June 30	Wed., July 18

These ships have water tight compartments.
Price of passage either way the same.
First cabin $150 and 160; second cabin $60; third cabin $30.
Certificates of passage issued from Europe to America.
Specie delivered in London and Paris.
D. TURRANCE, No. 5 Bowling Green, New York.
ap14 1858d1m10

SAVE THE PIECES!

USEFUL IN EVERY HOUSEHOLD.
Dollars Saved to Every Family
READ THIS LIST AND YOU WILL find something that needs mending by
Carman's Negative Glue or Cement.
IT DOES NOT COLOR CHINA OR GLASS.

Meerschaum Account Books,	Mends Plates,
" Furniture,	" Bowls,
" Bureaus,	" Baby Jumpers,
" Cradles,	" Parlor Marble,
" Dolls,	" Paper Machie,
" Crutches,	" Ivory Work,
" China ware,	" Pictures,
" Knife Handles,	" Leather Work,
" Fans,	" Harness,
" Guitars,	" Whips,
" Harness,	" Cloth Cracks,
" Invalid Work,	" Wash Stands,
" Lasts,	" Bedsteads,
" Chopping Boards,	" Trunks,
" Shoe Work,	" Chessmen,
" Knobs on Furniture,	" Backgammon Boards,
" Leather Work,	" Hand Boxes,
" Picture Frames,	" Billiard Cues,
" Ottomans,	" Bird Cages,
" Rocking Horses,	" Book Cases,
" Tables,	" Brush Handles,
" Desks,	" Brushes,
" Work Boxes,	" Cabinets,
" Pitchers,	" Dining Glasses,
" Accordions,	" Clock Cases,
" Daguerreotype Cases,	" Cupboards,
" Images,	" Curtains,
" Books,	" Chairs,
" Paper Hangings,	" Cloth Frames,
" Hickory Furniture,	" Card Cases,
" Desks,	" Work Stands,
" Globes,	" Lishes,
" Rocker Horses,	" Rice Boxes,
" Secretaries,	" Doors,
" Veneering, all kinds,	" Oval Saucers,
" School Furniture,	" Fire Boards,
" Crockery,	" Pasteboard Work,
" Glassware,	" Wooden Ware,
" Tea Cups,	" Willow Ware,

It is good for Burns, by applying a coat and straw-wards covering with linen cloth.

It is good for cuts. Apply same as for Burns.

It is good for Chilblains Apply a coat and cover with linen cloth.

It is good for frosted ears. Apply a thin coat with a brush or cloth

TALLMAN & COLLINS, Proprietors.

JOHN RICE, Wholesale Agent, Milwaukee, and for sale by the trade generally.
mar.1 1858d1oawly

REUNION.
MINER & FARIES have again formed a partnership for the practice of Dentistry in all its branches.

Office No. 21 Wisconsin Street. G. B. MINER, R. J. FARIES.

Milwaukee Feb. 16th, 1860. feb16 1857d1tf

☞ DRS. JULIAN & EDWARDS, Private Physicians. Office, 184 Main street, Milwaukee, Wis my9 d1y

To-Day's Advertisements.

LIST OF LETTERS

REMAINING IN THE POST-OFFICE at Milwaukee, April 15, 1860.

LADIES' LIST.

ALLAIRE Mrs Julia
Alvord miss Adaline
Armstrong Mrs Wm E
Arms Miss Maudley
BAYLEY Mrs J
Bass Mrs Hattie
Bennett Mrs Waterly
Berge Miss Julia
Bowles R Sullivan
Brown Miss Catherine
Bridge Miss Louisa M
Butler miss Helen
Burritt Miss Ruth
Burston Miss M J
Button Miss Airlick A
Barstow Miss Josephine
Burton Mrs John
Brown Mrs Martha M
Bird Jno
Beaumont Joseph
Bloodgood E
Blaze C L
Bowden David
Boutcell Spencer
Broom Mr
Boon Edward F
Bowker S
Brown Jas
Bennington Mr
Briggs G L
Brook Sylvester
Burnham I B
Burbash Jos 2
Burbash P H
Byrne Jas
Brown Jno Thos
Brown Wm Henry
Brown Chas M
CASEY D
Carlin C W
Carswell James A
Calloway Wm
Campbell A B
Chapman Card
Chapin Roswell
CHAPMAN Robt
Clark Eugene
Cowan Robt
Cook J S
Cotton E B
Comstock P B
Cowan Datus
Cook Wm
Cole Jos
Coleman Maurice
Collins J H
Connell Jas
Conner Michl
Cornish Mrs
Crandall Thos
Currier A B 3
Curley Jno
DEXTER D N
Daley Jno
Dapport Jno
Dailey Isaac
Delehanty Wm
Dickinson Jos W
Doyle Thos
Doman Geo
Dodge J L
Douglass David
Dun Jno
Divine Patk
Durres Jno
Durrye Miller J
DEWOOD E J M
Easton Abel
Emery Jas
Edwards M P
Elliott A L
Elliot Geo
Elliott Mrs E R
FARRAR Andrew P
Ferguson Jno C
Finn Patk
Fuller Hugh M
Fitzgibbon Thos
Flynn Patk
Finch Joshua
Follett Lafayette
French R B
Ford Jno N
French Oliver
Fuller Merrick
French & Bibby
GALLUM A G
Garry Danl
Gaylord Patk
Gaylord W L
Gallivan Cornel's
George C W
Gormley I
Gorman P
Grace German F
Griffith Wm
Green Thos
Green S M
Green Orlon E
Green Thos
Graves Thos B
Gilman Thos
Guerin Jas
HAWKINS Jno P
Hastings Simeon
Hastmuds Jas
Hockney G
Hamilton Thos 2
Harrison Henry W and Mary
Hills C W 2
Hills Miles
Howell Danl
Hutchinson O W
Hughes Jno
Hurlbut Jno
JEWETT Geo N
Jessell Edwd
Johnson Jas
Johnson P M
Jones Lewis 2
Jones Henry
Johnson J
Johnson Edwin E
Johnston Jeremy
KENNEDY & Co
Kavanaugh Jos 2
Kendrick Jno A
Kennedy A S 2
Kendall Saml M
Kelley P
Kimball Capt J
Kinney Jas
LARKIN Mrs S E
Leach Mrs Annie
MANTIRE Miles Anna
Mooney Miss Ellen
Moran Mrs James
Moran Miss Rose Ann
Morton Miss W A
Moore Miss Maria
Mitchell Miss Bridget
Mitchell Miss Ellen
Murphy Miss Bridget
McClure miss Emma T
McDonald miss Margaret
McNeil miss Cath
McIntosh miss Jessy
McKay Mrs Jane
McKay Mrs Jane
Marsh Margaret
Maynard Mrs Ann
Maynard Mrs Emma
Maitland Mrs L
NICHOLLS miss Ada S
Nolden miss Mary
Newcomb miss Emma Jane
O'BRIEN miss Elizabeth
O'Connor miss Mary Agnes
Olmsted mrs
PAINE MRS Elizabeth
Palfield miss Mary
Parkers mrs Hon'y C
Palmer miss Martha A
Pres miss Ellen
Philpot miss Emma
Phillips mrs Mary
Phelps miss Caroline
Pierce miss Josephine
Pratt mrs Minnie
Preto miss Comanthey R
Purdy miss Georgiana
Purser mrs James
Putner mrs Robt
REILLY miss Cath
Reed mrs Mary Ann
Richardson mrs Chas
Rice miss Hannah
Richardson mrs Phoebe Jane
Richardson mrs T L
Robertson mrs Helen
Ryder mrs C L
SCHOFIELD Mary H
Sawtagle miss Elizabeth
Sands mrs Augusta
Shows miss Kate
Sprate mrs Joannah
Stowell miss Frances
Stewart mrs Agness
Swift mrs Grace
Sweeney miss Susannah
Sudor miss Mary
Smithers mrs Lily
Smith mrs Caroline
TAFT MISS Jemima
Terrell Elizabeth
Thompson mrs Minerva R
Tinsley miss Ada
Tibbits mrs Jane
Thetson miss Maria
Thisely mrs A E
Trail mrs R
Tyrrammer mrs Mary
VAIL MISS Sarah
WATKINS miss Mary
Wade mrs George
Wells mrs Hannah
Williams miss A A
Williams miss Julia
Whitman mrs Louisa M
Whitnall mrs H
Wilcox mrs Sarah

THE SENTINEL.

DAILY, TRI-WEEKLY & WEEKLY

RUFUS KING, EDITOR.

MONDAY MORNING, APRIL 16, 1860.

Presidential Election!

THE GREAT CAMPAIGN IS AT HAND!!

Let Every Republican Prepare for the Conflict!!

Circulate Truth among the People!!

THE WEEKLY SENTINEL

Six Months for Less than Cost of Paper and Printing!!!

READ AND BE CONVINCED!

The approaching campaign is to be a memorable one. The battle will be fought zealously between the friends and the enemies of Freedom, and the ground contested inch by inch. In view of these facts, it is apparent that the dissemination of Republican papers and documents becomes of vast and vital importance. In order to furnish the WEEKLY SENTINEL to the people of the North-West, during the Campaign of 1860, we have concluded to offer the paper, FROM THE 16TH OF MAY TO THE 16TH OF NOVEMBER, at the following unprecedented liberal terms:

One Copy for	$0 50
Twenty Copies, (to one address)	$9 00
Fifty " "	$20 00
One Hundred do " "	$35 00

These terms will barely cover the cost of paper before it is printed; but we have determined to put the price so low that every individual Republican, or organized Club, in this or adjoining States, will use their best endeavors to scatter the SENTINEL broadcast in their particular localities, and thus accomplish more than by the circulation of *ten times* as many documents in any other form. Every Campaign subscriber will receive the Proceedings of the National Convention, to be held in May, and full returns of the election in November.

We need not urge upon our Republican friends the importance of placing this sheet in the hands of all. Let NO VOTER, or family in the State, be without the SENTINEL during the Campaign. Wherever *facts* are read, and the people have access to *truth*, Republicanism prevails.

Send in your orders as early in May as possible. ☞ Address

JEKMAIN & BRIGHTMAN.

MILWAUKEE, April 9, 1860.

☞ REPUBLICAN PAPERS in this State, with whom we exchange, will please publish the above, or the substance of it, one or two times, and thereby lay us under additional obligation for the favor.

Constitutional Disabilities.

The Democrats are clamorous for ousting Mr TESCH, the City Treasurer elect, ostensibly on the ground that the letter of the charter makes his election void, but really because he is a Republican. Mr. TESCH was fairly elected, by 350 majority, over a popular opponent, and nobody doubts that he would make a faithful and efficient officer.—But the Democrats plead "constitutional scruples" against allowing him to take possession of his office. We shall soon see whether these scruples are real, or affected. If the city charter forbids the election of Mr. TESCH, the State Constitution prohibits that of Mr. LA DUE. If Mr. TESCH is inhibited from holding office because he was a member of the Council when elected Treasurer, Mr. LA DUE is equally enjoined from assuming the post of City Attorney, because he held office under the United States at the time of his election. Does the Council propose to declare the office of City Attorney vacant, as well as that of City Treasurer? Will the City Attorney give his opinion that the rule is as clear and stringent, in the one case, as in the other? Or is it only Republicans to whom these constitutional and charter restrictions apply?

A Great Triumph.

It is conceded on all hands that in the election of DYKMAN, as Chief Justice of Wisconsin, the Democracy, and a conservative man have met a great defeat. The Republican journals of that State have been figuring rather sharply, but, we are happy to know, unavailingly. DIXON's majority is over 2,000; and the Republicans give it up.—*Chicago Times of Friday.*

Gammon! Chief Justice DIXON, if re-elected—as he probably is by a close vote—owes his success to Republicans. "The Democracy" could not have elected any candidate and therefore supported the present incumbent, who is an appointee of our Republican Governor. The credit, or blame—as the case may be—of Judge DIXON's election, rests with the Republicans of Columbia, Dane and Jefferson counties. These counties composed his circuit, last year, and he was personally popular in all three. On a strict party vote, as the result shows, Judge DIXON would have been defeated by from five to ten thousand majority. The *Times* may do well to make up its mind, first as last, that WISCONSIN is a *Republican* State, now and hereafter.

One Rule for the North and Another for the South.

Senator SUMNER, on Friday, called the attention of the Senate to the outrageous treatment experienced by Mr. SANBORN, at the hands of the U. S. Officials who were sent to arrest and bring him before Mr. MASON's Harper's Ferry Committee. He improved the occasion to contrast this brutal proceeding with the very different course pursued towards Gov. WISE. This functionary openly proclaimed that he knew a great deal more about the Harper's Ferry matter than he chose to tell, even to the Investigating Committee. Of course, the Committee prudently resolved not to send for Gov. WISE, who knew so much about the affair, but despatched officers to drag, handcuffed to Washington, a citizen of Massachusetts, who knew nothing about it. The reader will plainly perceive that there was nothing "Sectional" in this course.

THE TONNAGE TO NEW YORK.—The tonnage entered and cleared at New York for the three months ending March 31st, shows a handsome increase over the corresponding period in 1859, viz:

Entered from foreign ports up to March 31st, 1860:

	No. vessels.	Tonnage.	No. seamen.
American vessels - -	509	239,165¾	9,193
Foreign vessels - -	289	179,382	5,569
Total entered - -	805	418,998¾	14,781
Do. in the year 1859 - -	730	350,033¾	12,457

Cleared for foreign ports up to March 31, 1860:

	No. vessels.	Tonnage.	No. seamen.
American vessels - -	483	231,090	7 717
Foreign vessels - -	227	122,805	5,331
Total cleared - -	709	356,398	13,048
Do. in the year 1859 - -	653	292,360¾	10,845

Owing to the non-compliance with the law, the coastwise tonnage cannot be given with any certainty. It appears, however, that the official clearances for the past quarter exceeded those of any corresponding period of any previous year. Within a short time vessels stationed in the East Indies have commenced once more to make money rapidly, the partial failure of the rice crop in China having increased the carrying trade from India eastward.

GREAT CROWING.—Last year Geo. B. Smith, of Boarman Supplement notoriety, had 598 majority for Mayor. This year he has *six* majority. The Democratic papers are calling it a great Democratic gain.—*Baraboo Republic.*

Sayers and Heenan—The Prize Fight To-day.

For the Daily Sentinel.

To-day—somewhere within a hundred miles of England's Metropolis, THOMAS SAYERS, the champion of Great Britain, is to fight JOHN C. HEENAN, nick-named "the Benicia Boy," for the Champion's Belt of Britain, and two hundred sovereigns. In a "twenty-four foot ring," the pugilistic skill, pluck, mettle, powers of endurance, and fighting generalship of the combatants will be tested.

No prize fight that has taken place, not even that between TOM SPRING and JACK LANGHAN, for the Champion's Belt, near forty years since, nor that between CRIBB and MOLYNEAUX; has ever attracted as much attention as the one that in all probability takes place to-day.

Hundreds of thousands of dollars will change hands on the result of this fight.—Immense sums of money have been bet.—TOM SAYERS is evidently the favorite with those best qualified to judge of the relative merits of the two men. He is just in the prime of life, and no more—about 35 years of age—of a compact, well-knit frame, a wonderful muscular development, a good temper, that plays around a "mug," that looks more like CUPID's bow than any thing else we can compare it to. SAYERS possesses many points never before developed in one man.—added to a terrific strength around the arm, is the great and never-to-be-forgotten precision, with which he measures the distance of his blows. It is truly remarkable, that whenever SAYERS, has preceded the blow he was about to give, by that singular tiger like crouch, for which he is noted, his opponent has either been felled to the earth or staggered under the terrible "auctioneer."—Another peculiar point in which he is most certainly a proficient, is the nack of getting away—not by slipping down as NAT WARD and YANKEE SULLIVAN used to—but fairly and manfully, from the corner or the ropes, to which he may have retreated or been driven, generally administering heavy upper cuts, always dangerous blows, particularly from a small man to a big man, as he slid or dodged past his adversary.

Those who have read his fights must have been "struck" with his agility in this particular respect; and his having fought with three men, two of them larger, and the other as large, as HEENAN, together with the experience of thirteen fights, in only one of which was he defeated; never having received any serious injury in one of them, with a thorough knowledge of all the tactics of the prize ring, using a knack that seems never to have been practiced or acted upon in the prize ring in this country, viz: cautiously working around your adversary until the sunshine is full on his face, and then instantly dashing in a blow, or commencing a rally. In the latter trick, as it may be termed, TOM SAYERS stands alone; his wonderful, active and yet sturdy frame enabling him to move with rapidity, and strike with a force that has never yet been equalled. But above all, is his thoroughly good temper, that it seems nothing can ruffle, as has been shown in all his fights, makes him a very dangerous adversary. TOM SAYERS may be summed up thus: In all but length of arm, weight and height, he is as large, if not a larger man, than HEENAN, the prime of life on his side—that age at which the muscular system is the most perfect—vast experience, the advantage of having fought three large men, all of which he beat, HEENAN has never fought a small one—the advantage that always belongs to the smaller man in a fist fight; "the bigger the man the better the mark." SAYERS can hardly fail to hit his opponent, either on the body where MORRISEY dealt his blows, that won him the fight, or around the neck and shoulders, which are open to the level of SAYERS. HEENAN will have to strike downwards, an unnatural course for a blow.

In a clinch SAYERS, being the shortest, has the choice of that advantage which belongs to the smaller man, for a "cross buttock," or the slip and dodge, to which we have before alluded, and in all ralleys or fibbing, the shortest man, when nearly balanced by power, has an advantage, as his blows can be dealt around the ribs, in the wind and small of the back, which is HEENAN's weakest point, for his loin is deficient, as all will see. SAYERS, so far as fighting points are concerned, in our opinion has advantages, that, except by mere chance, cannot be overcome by his younger, larger and inexperienced antagonist, who is a much heavier man, in point of mere weight, oftentimes, as has been shown, an injury to a man in the ring.

JOHN C. HEENAN is a young man, not yet in the prime of life; has fought, we believe, but two prize fights. In the latter he was beaten by a man, MORRISEY, whom it is well known, was no proficient in "science," but possessed, it was claimed, a remarkable power of endurance under punishment, which we cannot admit. That was MORRISEY's great fort as a fighter. It must be remembered that MORRISEY, on the evening of the next day after the fight with HEENAN, sparred at an exhibition for about twenty-five minutes, a certain proof that he was not badly punished. It was claimed that HEENAN was sick, and not in a condition to fight with MORRISEY. AARON JONES, who both trained and backed him, it must be remembered, offered to bet twenty sovereigns at the ring, before the fight commenced, that HEENAN would win it. Was AARON JONES likely to risk a hundred dollars on a sick man? Another statement that went the "rounds of the press," but *did not* take place in any "round" of the fight, was, that HEENAN struck at MORRISEY, when the latter had been forced to the ropes and his back close to one of the stakes, that the blow aimed at his head was dodged by MORRISEY, and that the hand of HEENAN struck and split the stake, and was thereby damaged and used up. It is further claimed that if that blow had struck MORRISEY's head it would have decided the fight. All that is false philosophy; the blow that split the stake, as it was once claimed—a feat impossible, that could not be done with the heaviest blow of a sledge hammer—the blow that it was said split the stake would not have injured MORRISEY's head, from the simple fact that it was ont of distance.

One thing was manifest in that fight, that HEENAN could not, or at least, did not, guard his body, and that when MORRISEY abandoned fighting for the head, and dashed in his heavy blows around HEENAN's body, HEENAN was a beaten man. As soon as MORRISSEY changed his tactics, and pursued the course that CRIBB did with MOLYNEAUX, (we believe) that gave rise to the saying, "Keep your head up and fight low, and you'll be sure to win," HEENAN was thrashed.—Tall men are invariably tender around the ribs, wind, and those parts of the body that lie within the legitimate range of a prize fighters knuckles.

HEENAN goes into the ring to-day under great disadvantages. He has to contend with the most skillful man living—so far as we know—one who has proved himself a cautious, cool, calculating and good tempered man, under any and all circumstances, that has an experience which no other man has had, and one who goes into the ring with no ill-will whatever.

We remember once, in our presence, in Liverpool, England, when in company with several American friends at JACK LANGHAN's "House of Lords," as it was called, one of the party put the question bluntly to LANGHAN, thus:

"Mr. LANGHAN, to what did you, and do you now ascribe your defeat with TOM SPRING?"

LANGHAM's answer was prompt.

"To two or three things, gentlemen; but I am sure of one thing; if I could have kept down my Irish temper I could have beaten him," and added with a smile, "but TOM SPRING is a nobleman."

It is evident that HEENAN exhibited considerable temper in the fight with MORRISSEY. SAYERS and HEENAN stand thus today; the first is an experienced fighter, always husbanding his strength for an emergency; all his points, good or bad, have been displayed; the public know all about him, and have all the ground work, upon which to form a judgment or risk a bet.

HEENAN has youth, it is said unquestionable pluck; great reach of arm; is heavier than his opponent; is said to be in excellent condition, also to be a hard hitter, active as a cat, and withal it is claimed is a scientific man. He is backed up by those who have been beaten by SAYERS, and who are leaving nothing undone to secure the defeat of the latter, and who know all SAYERS' weak points. There is much feeling evinced by HEENAN's backers, although there is no reason for believing that HEENAN has any ill-feeling against SAYERS—a man he probably never saw until to-day. It may be said, of HEENAN, little is known, but it is expected by a large number that he will beat, because he is the youngest and the biggest, being forty pounds heavier than SAYERS.

Of SAYERS, most of the knowing ones, have based their opinions upon a knowedge of well proven strong points in his favor, and have come to the conclusion that he ought to, and will win, because he is the best man.

Heenan is a long and heavy novice. Sayers a sturdy and well tried veteran in fighting.

A chance blow or fall may decide the fight. HEENAN may prove the best man—novices are sometimes deceiving. There are those—but few, indeed, however—that think HEENAN will not get fair play in Old England, to those we would say: "*Heni Soit Qui Mal Y Pense.*"

"May the best man win" is our wish.—We believe in prize fighting. If POTTER and PRYOR have not yet settled their congressional difficulty, let them abandon both pistols and knives, go into a ring and settle it manfully. A Westminster boy would bet his shilling on POTTER. Down with duelling. When prize fighting was fairly introduced into England, the carrying of side arms, swords, &c., was abolished, and street assassinations ceased. Would it not have the same effect, and in the end abolish the cowardly bowie-knife and revolver in America? We honestly believe that it would, and that a Congressional Prize Ring, associated with a valuable "belt" to be fought for, would be a blessing to the country. We earnestly reccommend this suggestion to Old Buck. Next Monday being St. George's would be a fitting time for inaugurating the Ring in America. PUBLICOLA.

April 16, 1860.

NEW YORK POLICE BOARD.—The law amending the Metropolitan Police Act of the city of New York, has passed the Legislature and become a law. It cuts down the number of Commissioners from seven to three, and excludes the Mayors of New York and Brooklyn from the Board. Gov. MORGAN immediately nominated, and the Senate confirmed, A. PILLSBURY, late Superintendent of Police, JAS. BOWEN, one of the members of the first Board organized, and JNO. G. BERGEN, of Brooklyn, as the new Commissioners.

Supreme Court.

FRIDAY, April 13.

State ex rel. Field vs. Saxton, Sheriff, &c. Argument on demurrer. Continued by argument indefinitely with $5 and costs against Resp.

State ex rel. Hubbard vs. Saxton, Sheriff, &c. Argued on demurrer to the relation of A. L. Collins, for resp., and by Delany & Crawford for relator.

State ex rel. Mowry vs. Bishop, Sheriff, &c. Argued by Nat. Rollins for plff. in error.

Chamberlain vs. M. & M. R. R. Co. Argued by J. S. Brown and H. L. Palmer for Appellant, and by Finches, Lynde and Miller for resp.

A FATAL RUNAWAY.—At about eleven o'clock this morning a team of very fine young mares belonging to Mr. Brigham, of Blue Mounds, was standing unhitched and harnessed to a buggy in the wood yard of Mr. Bliss' house, when taking fright at something, they suddenly started off, and pushing the gates open ran at a tremendous pace along Main street, and turning into Webster street, broke from the buggy and dashed it to the ground, nearly opposite the back of Fuller's grocery establishment. One of Pyncheon's teams in a four wheeled wagon happened to be standing a little lower down the street on the other side, opposite a gunsmith's shop, and the driver had fortunately just got off when the runaway team came full tilt against it, with frightful force. One of the horses jumped over the wagon, and the other going with it, got the joint of one of its hind legs between the spokes of the wheel and broke the thick bone short off, as if it had been a pipe stem. The unfortunate mare breaking from her mate, which was only slightly bruised, ran sharply along Webster street and down King street on three legs, with the bone of the broken hind leg joint sticking out about four inches. When nearly opposite the Lake House the poor beast fell in the street, and no time was lost in humanely ending its misery by knocking it on the head and cutting its throat. One of the horses of Pyncheon's team was severely though not dangerously hurt.

The killed mare was only four years old and Mr. Brigham valued her very highly.—The runaway team was usually very quiet, and the accident must be chiefly attributed to its not being hitched.—*Madison Patriot.*

OFFICIAL JUDICIAL CANVASS.—Following are the official returns of this county:

Towns.	Sloan.	Dixon.
Sharon - - - - - -	101	78
Darien, - - - - - -	183	92
Richmond, - - - - -	95	20
Whitewater, - - - - -	339	142
Walworth, - - - - -	102	27
Delavan, - - - - -	207	50
Sugar Creek, - - - - -	127	63
Troy, - - - - - -	131	21
Linn, - - - - - -	121	19
Geneva, - - - - - -	224	142
Lafayette, - - - - -	125	55
Troy, - - - - - -	135	122
Bloomfield, - - - - -	100	20
Hudson, - - - - - -	156	52
Spring Prairie, - - - -	194	97
East Troy, - - - - -	204	60
Elkhorn - - - - - -	145	70
Sloan's majority - -	1838	1314

The entire vote is nearly 500 less than was given last Spring, and 1,000 less than was polled in the Congressional canvass. Walworth can, however, safely be relied upon to give 2,600 majority for the Republican candidate for President the coming Fall.—*Elkhorn Independent.*

STEADY GROWTH OF REPUBLICANISM IN ALBANY—A "REVOLUTION WHICH DOES NOT GO BACKWARDS."—Albany, second only to New York, as a Democratic stronghold, has never yet been carried by the Republicans. But the votes which the Republican Party has polled at each successive election, contains a gratifying evidence of the change that is gradually being wrought. The Party was organized in 1855. Here is the vote in the city since:

1855 for King - - - - - - - - - -	1,455
1856 for Fremont - - - - - - - - -	2,909
1857 for Clapp - - - - - - - - - -	1,559
1858 for Morgan - - - - - - - - -	2,319
1859 for Leavenworth - - - - - - -	2,736
1860 for Taylor - - - - - - - - -	4,075

Slowly, but surely, the Party has been gaining year by year, and what it has gained it has not lost again. From an inconsiderable "third party" minority, it has steadily increased till it closely contests the control of the city. Gaining at the same rate another year, it will sweep the Democrats from power.—*Albany Journal.*

THE STATE HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE.—The meeting of the new Board of Trustees of the State Hospital for the Insane, adjourned yesterday until the 22nd day of May next.

The Board elected Hon. Mason C. Darling, President, Frank S. Lawrence, Secretary, and Simeon Mills, Treasurer.

A resolution was adopted directing such changes in the internal arrangement of the Hospital as will, in the opinion of the Board, afford comfortable accommodations for the greatest number of patients. A committee was also appointed consisting of Messrs. Darling, Blood and Giles, to visit and inspect some of the principal Hospitals at the East in order that the Board may profit by a knowledge of the best methods of regulating and conducting institutions of a similar character.—*Madison Journal.*

SOME WAG in this city writes the Chicago *Times*, an account of our charter election; whereupon the *Times* exults over the brightening prospects in the beautiful little city of Kenosha. Last spring the Democratic majority on Mayor was 202; this spring the Democratic majority on Mayor is 19. Our Democratic friends, by even suppressing all the essential facts in our election, still make out a bad case of Democratic progress.—*Kenosha Telegraph.*

APPOINTMENTS BY THE GOVERNOR.—Levi Sterling, Mineral Point, as one of the Trustees of the Wisconsin Hospital for the Insane, for 3 years from April 5th, 1860.

Winchell D. Bacon, of Waukesha, same office, for one year from April 5th, 1860.

Duel under the Rocky Mountains—Civilization and its Customs.

The Rocky Mountain *News* begs us full particulars of the late duel betwee Governor Bliss, of Jefferson Territory, and Mr. Stone, member of the Legislature, which resulted in the death of the latter. The first ounce was given by Gov. Bliss, in a toast at dinner party, and, singular enough, considering the time and place, was deliberate, and designed as a personal reflection and insult. This was avowed on the spot, and of course it only remained for the parties to settle the terms of the meeting. These were shot guns, loaded with a single ball, distance thirty paces, time three o'clock in the afternoon, place Highland side of the Platte river.

At the appointed hour, the principals took their stations. The sun, which was obscured by flying clouds, was over Mr. Bliss' left shoulder. The wind was over Dr. Stone's left shoulder, and blowing in light fitful gusts, directly in the face of Mr. Biss. Dr. Stone removed his coat and vest, leaving only a close fitting suit of dark cloth. Mr. Bliss wore a loose sack of brown cloth, buttoned down in front, but very loos and flowing. The word was given by Mr. Warren, two or three times in practice, when the arms presented to the combatants, the seconds and the surgeons retired, and the fatal word was given.

The report of Dr. Stone's gun followed immediately the word "fire." Mr. Bliss was an instant later and perfectly distinct.

Dr. Stone fell to the ground, supposed to be mortally wounded, the ball of his opponent entering the left thigh, penetrating the bladder and passing through his entire body. The ball of Dr. Stone struck the ground some ten feet in advance of his opponent. Dr. Stone declined a second fire, the parties were then removed from the ground.

It is stated that the duel was witnessed by from 600 to 800 spectators, who were very quiet and orderly, and dispersed immediately after seeing the result.

A WEDDING CEREMONY SUDDENLY STOPPED.—We have for some days been aware of a romantic, though unpleasant circumstance, which lately occurred at Port Hope, and in which a lady and gentleman, who were to become one at the altar, were arrested when the knot was partially tied, and separated from each other by the lady's mother, who is a widow.

The lovers had, it appears, been engaged for two or three months, with the full concurrence of the lady's guardian and most of the leading members of their family, when their half brother, from motives unexplained, set his face against the match, informing the widow that unless she withdrew her sanction, he would assume unfriendly relations towards her.

This had the desired effect. The gentleman was apprised of the particulars of the case, and generously promised not to take any action in the premises that would endanger the happiness or pecuniary interests of his intended mother-in-law. Believing, consequently, that a clandestine marriage would exonerate her from all complicity, he procured the aid of a friend, got the license privately, and unknown to all but the necessary witnesses, &c., on Saturday night he led the young bride to the altar, a clergyman of the Church of England officiating on the occasion.

The ceremony had commenced. Solemn words had been spoken, and the plighted troth all but exchanged, when the door of the apartment was thrown open, and, to the utter consternation of the contracting parties and others, the widow lady already named, with another person who led her to the spot, rushed into the midst of the group. In an instant all was confusion. The minister was obliged to close his book and discontinue the service; and the lady was constrained to accompany her mother and leave the bridegroom behind in no very enviable position. Before making her exit, she assured all present that she would marry the man of her choice, and that the interruption which had taken place was only effective for the moment.—*Toronto Leader.*

DISTRESSING CALAMITY.—SIX CHILDREN BURNED IN A HOUSE.—On Tuesday evening, April 3d, a widowed lady of the town of Orion, Richland County, having occasion to visit a neighbor, left her six children, the eldest a girl about 15 years old, to stay in her house. At about half past nine, the gentleman whom Mrs R. was visiting discovered that her house was on fire, and the alarm was immediately given, but before aid could be procured the house was nearly consumed, and in it the six children were burned to death. The fire is supposed to have been communicated from the chimney, and the children in bed and asleep at the time of the burning. But two of the bodies had been taken from the ruins when our informant left, and they were nearly consumed by fire. Mrs. Regan buried her husband about three months ago, and now she is the only surviving member of a happy family of eight, but a few months ago.—*Mineral Pt. Tribune.*

Auction Sales.

CITY AUCTION ROOM,

NUMBER 134 EAST WATER STREET, Milwaukee. CALEB WALL will sell all descriptions of goods at his usual price; advance on all goods, and sell at public or private sale. sep1

CITY AUCTION ROOM.

REMEMBER THAT THE SALE OF Superior Furniture of Mr. G. O. Belden takes place at his residence, corner of Martin and Lake sts., 5th Ward, on Thursday next, April 19th, at 9 o'clock. Ladies are invited to attend this sale. The Furniture consists of Rosewood Parlour Furniture, Velvet and Brussells Carpets, Mahogany Chamber Furniture, Sofa chairs, and every description of House Furniture, which is fully described in Circulars. Which are now ready for delivery at my Auction Room.

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CITY AUCTION ROOM.

GREAT SALE OF SCHOOL LANDS, Selected several years ago and very choice. Five thousand acres. I will sell at public auction, at my Auction Room, in 40 acre tracts all the said lands, to highest bidder, on Saturday, April 28th, at 10 o'clock. This affords opportunity for any one who has a desire to get a Farm for a small price.—Attend this sale. Such lands will hardly ever be offered at public auction. Map of said lands will be prepared for day of sale.

CALEB WALL, City Auctioneer.

WILLIAMS & RODWAY,

Auction and Commission Merchants,

LAND AGENTS AND MONEY BROKERS,

19 WISCONSIN STREET, 19.

WILL GIVE PARTICULAR ATTENtion to the sale of Furniture, Dry Goods, and every description of miscellaneous merchandize, in their Sale room or in any part of the City or County.

☞ Liberal advances on consignments, and prompt returns made.

N. B.—Bonds, Notes, and Mortgages negotiated.

E. WILLIAMS. W. H. RODWAY.

Milwaukee, January 17, 1860. jan18d&30d1y

CHARLES F. MILLER,

MANUFACTURER OF INVISIBLE

WIGS, TOUPEES, AND

ORNAMENTAL HAIR WORKS, &c.,

Cor. Biddle and East Water Sts., Mil.

THE UNDERSIGNED BEGS LEAVE to call the public attention to his Establishment and Stock, which will be found superior to any in the Western Country. All the great improvements in the construction of WIGS, HEAD-DRESSES, BANDEAUX, BRAIDS, ORNAMENTAL HAIR WORKS, &c., are used by him, particularly by his Ventilating Stocks.

☞ WIGS or TOUPEES made to order, with the certainty of a perfect fit by taking the measure as here directed:

No 1—Round the head.
No. 2—From temple to temple, below the crown.
No. 3—The hair on the forehead to the poll of the head.
No. 4—Ear to ear.
Address,
CHAS. F. MILLER,
Corner E. Water and Biddle Sts., Mil.

aw24l&27w

A. P. LOCKERBY'S GENERAL LAND AGENCY,

AND ABSTRACT OFFICE,

WAUSAU, WISCONSIN.

FOR MAKING COLLECTIONS, EXAMINATION of Titles, Payment of Taxes, and the transaction of all Real Estate business, in Northern and Central Wisconsin.

REFERENCES.

Lawrence & Hobart, Wausau, Wis.; Strickland & Co., Milwaukee, Wis.; Hon. G. Bills, Stevens Point, Wis.; N. B. Hamilton, Madison, Wis. U. U. Taylor, St. Louis, Mo.; W. G. Bryant & Co., N. Y. City; L. W. Koelkenbeck, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

☞ Office corner Jackson and Fourth sts

A. P. LOCKERBY,
Notary Public.

feb22d3m6m

CITY AUCTION ROOM.

NO. 134 EAST WATER STREET, UNtil May 1st. Twenty thousand dollars of ready made clothing in hand will be sold at private sale at reduced prices, thirty per cent less than cost. Coats, vests, pants, dress coats, over do, business do, all made of the very best English and French cloths and cassimeres. Under no pretence will any portion of a stock of books, standard works which should be in every family, will be sold at reduced prices. The store where I now am, I have rented for one month, it is two doors below Strickland & Co.'s book store. After May 1st, I shall move to No. 163 East Water street, in store next to J. W. Lenfard's wholesale and retail family grocery store, and directly opposite Mitchell's Bank. The store I am at present in will be open from 7½ o'clock, a. m. to 6 o'clock p. m., having no gas fixtures up it will not pay to put them up for a short a time.

CALEB WALL,
City Auctioneer.

march27

NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER BEING ABOUT TO leave the city for several months, would request all persons having accounts either in favor or against him, to present them to Chas. Gaveau, Albany Buildings, for settlement, between this day and April 31.

GEO. K. KIMBALL.

mar27j491d1mo

For Sale or Rent.

TO LET.

BRICK HOUSE, WITH BATH Room and other conveniences, on Fifth street, between Sycamore and Cityburn sts., Fourth Ward. Enquire of

CHAS. H. WILLIAMS,
or Paxton & Williams, No. 141 East Water st.

ap10j3&3d3w

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

LOTS 10 AND 11, BLOCK 208, MURray's Addition, 1st Ward, on Prospect street: a very suitable place for a gardener.

Quarter block 91, 1st Ward.

Lot 6, block 121, 1st Ward, corner of Knapp and Milwaukee streets, with brick house containing 14 rooms. Rent $220 per year.

Lots 1 and 2, block 50, on West Water street: store and dwelling to let at low rates.

Lot 8, block 29, on East Water street, with dock on the river.

FOR SALE.

East ½ of S. ½ quarter block 64, 1st Ward, corner of Marshall and Ogden streets.

Lot 7, block 73, in 7th Ward, with dwelling house.

Fourth ¼ of lot 10, block 87, 3d Ward.

Good unimproved land will be received as part payment. Enquire at

ROSENTHAL,
apr16d2w3t&w Kneeland Block, No. 1.

BRICK HOUSE TO LET.

ONE OF MY BRICK HOUSES ON Prospect Street, to let cheap.

JACOB MAHLER.

mar22d3t&w

TO LET.

THE COTTAGE ON PROSPECT Street, owned by Judge Cross, with one acre of land, fruit, shrubbery, &c. The house contains a parlour, library, dining room, kitchen and three bed rooms, all on one floor. Will be rented for a year, with or without the furniture. Apply to

A. G. CLARKE,
mar24j107tf No. 4 Mitchell's Bank Building.

Houses and Lots for Sale & Lease

M. L. SKINNER,
feb22j355d3mo Office No. 1 Martin's Block.

SEVERAL HOUSES AND LEASE FOR sale very low. M. L. SKINNER.

HALF OF DOUBLE HOUSE AND Lease on Lot 2, Block 65, 7th Ward, for sale for $250. M. L. SKINNER.

TO PLASTERERS.

2,000 BUSH. PLASTERING HAIR for sale cheap. Orders from the country solicited, at J. K. Sherman's Tannery, on the Canal Water Power, Sixth Ward, Milwaukee, Wis.

mar16j352d3mo J. K. SHERMAN.

CITY AUCTION ROOM.

TWO HOUSES ON A 60 FOOT LOT, by 127 feet deep, on Jackson street, between Biddle and Martin streets, will be sold very cheap and on good and easy terms. Also, the one acre lot and dwelling house on Prospect street, 1st Ward, now owned and occupied by Judge Cross. This location is beautiful. All description of Shrubbery, Fruit, &c. The House is a good one and in superior order. Will sell said premises upon terms that will suit any one. No money required down.

CALEB WALL.

mar22

FOR RENT

FROM THE FIRST OF MAY, THE Fire Proof store, No. 30 East Water st., now occupied by Messrs. Jewel, Rice & Co. Terms to suit the times. Apply to

CHARLES C. WENDT,
mar21j357d1mo 203 Market Square.

HOUSE TO LET.

A BRICK HOUSE, WITH BATH Room and other conveniences, on Jackson street, corner of Division, in Adler's Block. For particulars enquire of

SOLOMON ADLER.

apr3d1m&6t

CITY AUCTION ROOM.

FOR SALE OR FOR RENT ON VERY easy terms, the North ½ consisting of double house on Jackson street; second tenement above Sheriff Dunlap. The house is in good order and very convenient. Possession given immediately. Apply to

CALEB WALL, Owner.

Steamboat City of Cleveland FOR SALE.

THE STEAMER CITY OF CLEVELAND was built by Bidwell, Banta & Co., in the year 1857, and is of seven hundred and eighty-eight tons burthen, or thereabouts.

This Steamer has ample passenger accommodations, and is well furnished and equipped as a first class passenger boat; her capacity for freight and passengers is fully equal (if not superior) to any steamer on the lakes of her tonnage, and is staunch and of easy draft.

The Boat will be sold on very favorable terms, both as to price and terms of payment, and to purchasers strictly to purchase a Summer's trip, opportunity is offered. A full and perfect title will be guaranteed to the purchaser. For further particulars enquire of

PASCALL P. PRATT,
Of the firm of Pratt & Co., Buffalo.

jan23j327d1mo

ALSO FOR SALE,

THE THREE SCHOONERS, TO WIT: Schooner ELIZA LOGAN, tonnage 339 66-95; Schooner WINGS OF THE WIND, tonnage 370; Schooner GOV. HUNT, tonnage 185 0-95.

Either or all of the above named vessels will be sold on liberal terms. Apply to PRATT & CO.,

Jan23j332d1mo Buffalo, N. Y.

Hats, Caps and Furs.

THE

WHITE BEAR TRANSFERRED!

Large Sales & Small Profits.

A TREMENDOUS STOCK OF

HATS, CAPS & FURS,

FOR SALE,

At Wholesale and Retail,

—BY—

J. A. BENEDICT,

AT THE OLD STAND,

152 EAST WATER ST.,

Now the

SIGN OF THE WHITE BEAR.

HAVING ADDED TO MY EXTENSIVE Stock, (purchased this Fall of Eastern Manufacturers) the entire stock of L. S. BARNUM, who was formerly proprietor of the

White Bear Hat Store,

I take pleasure in announcing to the public that I am prepared to offer unrivaled inducements to all purchasing in this market.

Hats, Caps and Furs made to Order

AT THE SHORTEST NOTICE,

And Warranted to Suit or no Sale.

REMEMBER THE PLACE,

SIGN OF THE WHITE BEAR,

152 EAST WATER ST., MILWAUKEE.

sep14j750d1tf

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CALEB WALL, City Auctioneer.

Alcohol, Oils, &c.

OILS!!

Camphene, Camphene!!

BURNING FLUID,

ALCOHOL,

VARNISHES!

At Wholesale.

Also, a complete assortment of

COAL OIL LAMPS,

BOTH ROUND AND FLAT WICK

Special Notices.

Bryan's Tasteless Vermifuge.

Toll the bell for pretty Nell.
All the household's pride,
She is they say, of worms the prey,
Alth gh with med'cine piled,
'Twas Jalap, Mercury, and kambooze,
That helped her too her doom:
But Bryan's Tasteless Vermifuge
saves thousands from the tomb

Put up in bottles. Price 25; dimes. Sold by Henry Fess, Jr., and by druggists. mar17dlm

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS,

Prepared by Cornelius L. Cheeseman, M.D.,
NEW YORK CITY.

THE COMBINATION OF INGREDIENTS in these Pills are the result of a long and extensive practice. They are mild in their operation, and certain in correcting all irregularities, Painful Menstruations, removing all obstructions, whether from cold or otherwise, headache, pain in the side, palpitation of the heart, whites, all nervous affections, fatigue, pain in the back and limbs, &c., disturbed sleep, which arise from interruption of nature.

TO MARRIED LADIES,

for Cheeseman's Pills are invaluable, as they will bring on the monthly period with regularity. Ladies who have been disappointed in the use of other Pills can place the utmost confidence in Dr. Cheeseman's Pills doing all that they represent to do.

NOTICE.

There is one condition of the female system in which the Pills cannot be taken without producing a PECULIAR RESULT. The condition referred to is PREGNANCY—the result, MISCARRIAGE. Such is the irresistible tendency of the medicine to restore the sexual functions to a normal condition, that even the reproductive power of nature cannot resist it.

Warranted purely vegetable, and free from anything injurious. Explicit directions, which should be read, accompany each box. Prices $1. Sent by Mail on enclosing it to Dr. CORNELIUS L. CHEESEMAN, Box 4586, Post Office, New York City.

Sold by one Druggist in every town in the United States.

R. B. HUTCHINS,
General Agent for the United States,
No. 11 Broadway, New York,
To whom all Wholesale orders should be addressed.

Sold in Milwaukee by Green & Button, and H. Bosworth & Son. mar3&9d&wsow

Dr. McClintock's Cold and Cough Mixture

IS A COMBINATION OF NATURE'S vegetable antidotes to the irritation and disturbance of the breathing apparatus, which produce colds, coughs, hoarseness, and sore throat. It relieves in a very short time every vestige of inflammation from the chest and throat, and restores the free respiration of perfect health.

Price 25 cts. Sold by Henry Fess, Jr., and other druggists. mar17dlm

MOTHERS! MOTHERS!

DON'T FAIL TO PROCURE MRS. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething. It has a certain effect. Especially facilitates the cutting of teeth, by softening the gums, reducing inflammation—will allay all pain, and is sure to regulate the bowels. Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and relief and health to your infants. Perfectly safe in all cases.

This valuable preparation is the prescription of one of the most experienced and skilful Female Physicians in New England, and has been used with never failing success in millions of cases.

We believe it to be the best and surest remedy in the world, in all cases of Dysentery and Diarrhœa in children, whether it arises from teething or any other cause.

It life and health can be estimated by dollars and cents, it is worth its weight in gold.

Millions of bottles are sold every year in the United States. It is all tried and well tried remedy.

PRICE ONLY 25 CENTS A BOTTLE.

None genuine unless the fac simile of CURTIS & PARKER, New York, is on the outside wrapper.

Sold by Druggists throughout the world. Office No. 13 Cedar street, New York.

Sold in Milwaukee by John Rice. jel5d19w&1wly

KENOSHA WATER CURE

IS PERMANENTLY LOCATED IN ONE of the most healthy cities on Lake Michigan, between Milwaukee and Chicago, and has been thoroughly refitted and enlarged so as to accommodate a large number of patients. Experienced nurses are constantly employed to attend all patients at the Cure. Dr. Seeley is the attending physician, whose reputation is unequaled in the entire west

For particulars and circular, address

E. PENNOYER, Proprietor, Or,
H. T. SEELEY, M. D.

aug11d&1dawlyr.

PURIFY THE BLOOD.

Moffat's Life Pills!

AND PHŒNIX BITTERS.

Free from all Mineral Poisons!!

IN CASES OF SCROFULA, ULCERS, Scurvy, or Eruptions of the skin, the operation of the Life Medicines is truly astonishing, often removing, in a few days, every vestige of these loathsome diseases by their purifying effects on the blood. Bilious Fevers, Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Piles, and in short, most all diseases, soon yield to their curative properties. No family should be without them, as by their timely use much suffering and expense may be saved. Prepared by

WILLIAM B. MOFFAT, M. D.,
No. 335 Broadway, New York.

oct15d&2dawly

Dr. Jas. McClintock's Pectoral Syrup

STANDING IN THE FIRST RANK OF the profession. Dr. McClintock has given his medicine to the world under the guaranty of his high reputation, as a means of certain, immediate, and permanent relief in diseases of the throat and lungs which have defied all other remedies.

Price $1. Sold by Henry Fess, Jr., and other druggists. mar17dlm

Drugs and Medicines.

100 TONS WHITE LEAD,
100 TONS WHITE LEAD,
100 TONS WHITE LEAD,
100 TONS WHITE LEAD,
100 TONS WHITE LEAD,
100 TONS WHITE LEAD,

10,000 GAL. LINSEED OIL,
10,000 GAL. LINSEED OIL,
10,000 GAL. LINSEED OIL,
10,000 GAL. LINSEED OIL,
10,000 GAL. LINSEED OIL,

5,000 Boxes Window Glass,
5,000 Boxes Window Glass,
5,000 Boxes Window Glass,
5,000 Boxes Window Glass,
5,000 Boxes Window Glass,
5,000 Boxes Window Glass,

In Store and to Arrive, at

ROSWORTH & SONS,
Wholesale Druggists, Milwaukee.

ap4

JOHN RICE,

WHOLESALE DRUGGIST,
No. 68 East Water Street, Milwaukee.

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED FROM PITKIN & BROTHERS, of Louisville, a supply of bolted HEAD, COARSE and FINE Flour, Millett and Rape, put up in small packages, suitable for retailing, 50 packages in a box, which I am sell at a low figure. Among the supply of

JALAPONICA,
GUM CAMPHOR,
EPSOM SALTS,
GLAUBER SALT,
SULPHUR,
ALCOHOL,
CREAM TARTAR,
BAKING SODA,
LICORICE,
BATH BRICK,
CASTOR OIL,
OLIVE OIL,
OPIUM,
QUININE,
MORPHINE,
ALCOHOL,
BURNING FLUID,
CAMPHENE,
TURPENTINE,
MACHINE OIL,
LINSEED OIL,
WHITE LEAD,

And a full assortment of Drugs, Patent Medicines, Glass Ware, Spices, &c., &c. aug5

Saddlery Hardware, &c.

Fall--136 East Water Street--1859.

THE SUBSCRIBERS ARE DAILY RECEIVING direct from the manufacturers, additions to their stock, and with

Goods of their own Manufacture,

Keep it the most full and complete in the market. We keep our prices uniformly at the bottom of the market, and when we say those prices, we call that we have the facilities, as well as the disposition to please all who will give us a trial.

To our stock may be found at all times every description of

COACH & SADDLERY HARDWARE,

HUBS,
SPOKES,
FELLOES, &c.,
TRIMMINGS,
PATENT AND ENAMELLED LEATHERS,
ENAMELLED CLOTHS,
BROADCLOTHS, LACES, &c.
LADIES' AND GENTS' SADDLES AND BRIDLES,

All styles of Harness, Collars, Blankets, Whips, Belts, Trunks, Valises and Traveling Bags.

All the above and many goods not mentioned we offer at many styles and qualities, and always at the lowest prices in the West.

Milwaukee, 136 East Water Street.

je12 6m&wiv GEO. DYER & CO.

COACH & SADDLERY HARDWARE

148 East Water Street.

WE HAVE NOW NOW IN STORE A very large and complete assortment of

Coach and Saddlery Hardware,

To which we would invite the attention of purchasers, in the hope to find every article required by the manufacturer, consisting in part of

Common and Fancy Hames;
Patent Gig and Self-Adjusting Trees;
Collars of every variety;
Patent and Enamelled Leather;
Damasks, Laces, Silks, Fringes, &c.;
Coach and Buggy Lamps;
Springs, Axles and Malleable Iron;
Spokes, Hubs, Fellows, Shafts, Bows, &c.

As we confine ourselves exclusively to the sale of Carriage and Saddlery Hardware, and receive our goods direct from first hands, we are enabled to offer inducements to the trade and the manufacturer unsurpassed by any other house in the West.

A call is respectfully solicited.

148 East Water Street.

nov24d&3m&wly BARNES BROTHERS.

Every Lady in America,

WHO VALUES COMFORT, HEALTH AND ELEGANCE
Should have one of
THOMSON'S CORRUGATED SKIRTS.

THE SENTINEL.

Terms of the Sentinel.

CASH, INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

DAILY, delivered in City, per annum	$7,00
do do do six months	4,00
do do do three months	2,00
do do do per week	15
Papers to the Trade, per hundred	2,00
DAILY, by mail, per annum	4,00
do do six months	2,00
do do three months	1,00
do do per month	50
do do single copies six cents.	
TRI-WEEKLY, per annum	4,00
do six months	2,00
do three months	1,00
WEEKLY, per annum	1,50
do six months	1,00
do three months	50

CLUB RATES FOR THE WEEKLY.

To clubs of four (to one address) per annum ... 5,00
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Address JERMAIN & BRIGHAM,
Publishers Daily Sentinel, Milwaukee, Wis.

THE JAPANESE IN SAN FRANCISCO.

Their Reception by the City Officials and by Gov. Downey—Interesting Incidents.

The San Francisco correspondent of the N. Y. *Times* gives the following interesting account of a day on shore by the Japanese Admiral and his subordinates:

"Some of the officers came on shore under guidance of Lieut. Brooke, on Saturday night, eat a Christian dinner at a hotel, and experienced the luxury of ice-creams. When invited to a bath, they declined, on the ground that the Admiral must precede them in any such privilege.

Next day was Sunday. Our city officials knew scarcely what to do. If they invited the distinguished Pagans to Church, it might alarm their sensitiveness, for they have had a national experience of Jesuits; if they ignored all church-going, it would scarcely be the thing for a Christian city's fathers. At last, four of the supervisors, headed by the President, Teschemaker, (we have no Mayor you know), were rowed off to the corvette—were announced as of rank enough to talk familiarly with even the Admiral, were graciously saluted, and then invited the strangers to see the city under their escort. The Admiral agreed, but it took half an hour to manage the order of the going. The Admiral proposed to take his own boat and certain of his men; he invited Teschemaker to ride with him, but would not hear of the proposition that "his men" should go, too. Lieut. Brooks had a hard job of it to convince his Honor that Teschemaker was no better than "his men," to wit: the supervisors. Finally, the Admiral and the President were rowed off together, and "the men" of the two officials dispatched in another boat.

On landing, our President politely leaped out ahead to help the Admiral out, and had a narrow escape of giving offence by thus taking the precedence. The two walked up side by side mutely; the others, in careful order of rank—the democratic crowd humoring the strange notions of etiquette by opening for the noble gentlemen to pass to their carriages. Here another half hour was spent in getting the right order of rank. Then up to the International parlors. Fortunately, our modest little Irish Governor, Downey, was in town. Hearing what was up, he went over to honor the occasion. Entering with a single companion, it took all the faith that the strangers could command to believe that a little man in a black coat, with no retinue, could be a genuine Governor. When it was fairly comprehended, and the interpreter had turned classical Japanese into broken English, and sundry Californian Executive compliments into Japanese, the Admiral expressed a desire that the Governor would order a dry dock prepared to give the corvette a thorough overhauling—explaining so clearly that no interpreter was needed to render it, that the Yankees should not be put out of pocket for their courtesy in this business. His Excellency, with a straight face, signified that it should be done as promptly as the lumber-schooners now occupying the dry-dock could be got ready to launch.

While these two high grands thus consulted, the other officials, returning to the carriages, were being conveyed through the principal streets, in sight of the crouching lions, past the churches and hotels, around the plazza, over Rincon Hill, and to Steamboat Point. Here is being constructed a magnificent boat for the Sacramento route—a sort of New World or Isaac Newton. One glance sufficed for their expression of admiration, and then they returned to business. The whole corps of foreigners pulled out notebooks and pencils, divided in companies, cut the boat into sections, and each sketched his share. They made measurements, took drafts, copied curves, and did not cease until satisfied that putting their work together, they could construct the counter part of the Crysopolis at home. By the way, Mr. Keng says the Japanese, in coming over, showed themselves experts in every department of engineering, but not extraordinary as sailors. It was not until they had been several days at sea that they consented to divide into watches,—it was a new idea to them; but when they had tried it a day, they seemed to relish it wonderfully. They had Dutch chronometers on board, and gave evidence of a Dutch education. Back to the hotel, they dined, rather awkardly handling our unequal and barbarous chopsticks, but managing, notwithstanding, to do justice to their dinner.—They marched back after dark to the boats, their path illuminated with paper lanterns.

Yesterday, a grand salute was fired in their honor, and returned in sort. The officers visited several foundries and ship-yards.—To-day they inspect the fortifications of the harbor and the national vessel in port. They will, while here, be publicly received and be subjected to the inevitable hand-shaking of the Democracy.

ARIZONA—WHAT A DUBUQUE MAN THINKS OF IT.—A gentleman who formerly resided in this city, but who is now an officer in the U. S. Armywrote to a friend, his opinions of Arizona as follows:

"We have just traveled over the much-talked of Territory of Arizona. Such another God-forsaken, untimbered, unwatered and unfinished country never before fell under my vision, and my optics have run over a good deal of what is called bad country.—The only thing that grows with any luxuriance is the pillar cactus. Some of these plants are thirty and forty feet high, and with their straight, unleaved columns, look as barren as the country around them. As to the stories that are told of the agricultural attractions of the Territory, they are all lies. I believe that God in His wisdom has supplied these hills with considerable mineral wealth, but beyond that they are worthless."—*Dubuque Times.*

Sewing Machines.

SINGER'S GENUINE

Sewing Machines.

General Depot for the North-West

NO. 17

Newhall House, - - - Milwaukee.

HAS COME! HAS COME! HAS COME! The Good Time has Come! SINGER'S No. 2 Sewing Machine

Can now be had for.....$100
Do. No. 1.....90

"For manufacturing purposes the only reliable and unexcelled Sewing Machine in the World."—*I. M. Singer & Co's Gazette.*

Family Sewing Machines from Fifty to Seventy-five Dollars.

"We have tried them in our own families and find them equally as they say in adv."—*Tribune.*

The best Family Machines in use, with IMPROVED HEMMER, turning different widths of hem, stitching, quilting, gathering and sewing at the same time. Also, all the Standard Machines at greatly reduced prices, of I. M. SINGER & Co., of New York.

Sewing Machine Silver of superior quality, Needles, Bobbins, Shuttles, &c., and every article used or appertaining to Singer's Machines, can be had at the agency. Also, machines repaired at the shortest notice, and extra gearing furnished for machines.

J. A. FRENCH,
Agent for I. M. Singer & Co.,
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GROVER & BAKER'S

CELEBRATED NOISELESS

FAMILY SEWING MACHINES!!

NEW STYLES--PRICES FROM $50 TO $125.

HEMMERS, $5 EXTRA.

THESE MACHINES SEW FROM TWO Spools, as purchased from the store, requiring no sewinding of thread; they Hem, Fell, Gather, and Stitch in a manner superior, finishing each seam by their own operation, without re-sewing, as the hand-stitch is required by other machines. They will do better and faster work than a seamstress can, even if she works for *one cent an hour.*

A new Shuttle Machine for manufacturing purposes for sale.

Office of Exhibition and Sale, 495 Broadway, N. Y.

Rooms 18 Newhall House, Milwaukee.

jy16d&2w&1y J. A. FRENCH, Agent.

CITY LAND OFFICE.

NOTICE TO ALL OWNERS OF HOUSES.—Enquiries are made continually at our office, from day to day, "Have you a good house to rent first of May?" We would therefore suggest to all who have houses to rent first May, to send us a list of same, and how long you will lease them, and what price. We will make a record of the same and try and find good tenants who will pay punctually. And, if desired, for a certain per cent., will guarantee the rent of all tenants, which will save the landlord much trouble. We intend to give this business our special attention. All who desire us to take charge of their property, please send us a list immediately. QUEEN & WALL,
mar4 Real Estate Agents.

Business Cards.

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CARLOS GLIDDEN,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT Law, Milwaukee, Wisconsin. Office in Van Cortl's building, corner East Water and Wisconsin streets, third floor. jan22d&3m

A. H. PARRISH. A. ROSENTHAL.

PARRISH & ROSENTHAL,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, NO. 1 KNEELAND'S BLOCK, 216 East Water street, Milwaukee, Wis. dec31d&3m1y

HENRY S. LEE. MASON G. SMITH.

LEE & SMITH,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS, Ludington's Block, Milwaukee, Wis.

CARY & PRATT,

ATTORNEYS & COUNSELLORS. OFFICE IN "LAW BUILDINGS," NO. 21 Wisconsin street, Milwaukee, Wis. JOHN W. CARY. (jy12d&15w3m) WALLACE PRATT.

LAW AND ABSTRACT OFFICE.

JOHN G. TOWNSEND, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, and U. S. Commissioner, No. 210 East Water street. Abstracts and Certificates of Title furnished.

Charges reasonable.

UPHAM & GRAHAM,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, AND SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY.
New Post Office Building, second floor. apr16d1y

JAMES H. DODGE,

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ATTORNEYS AT LAW, MILWAUKEE, Wisconsin. Office in Law Buildings, Wisconsin Street.
CHAS. R. WELLS. jel6 JEROME R. BRIGHAM.

Emmons, Van Dyke & Hamilton,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT Law, Milwaukee, Wisconsin. Office—261 East Water Street, corner of Wisconsin Street, in Martin's Block. aug23y

LITHOGRAPHERS.

LOUIS LIPMAN

PRACTICAL LITHOGRAPHER, OVER the Marine Bank, 216 East Water Street, Milwaukee, is prepared to execute all orders in his line, such as Maps, Plans, Checks, Drafts, Views of Buildings, Show Cards, &c., &c. Particular attention paid to writing on Railroad Maps, Bond &c. my14d&3m1y

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PACKERS, &C.

JOHN PLANKINTON & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF SOAP AND CANDLES, West Water Street, near the M. & M. R. R. Depot, Milwaukee.

HOTELS.

AMERICAN HOUSE,

P. KANE & SON, PROPRIETORS, Spring Street, Milwaukee, Wis. jy13d76d1y.

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INSTRUCTIONS IN SINGING

AND

COMPOSITION.

TERMS: PER QUARTER OF THIRteen weeks, twice a week, $20.00; Per quarter of thirteen weeks, once a week, $12.00. Orders may be left at Mr. Hemstedt's Music Store, 173 East Water, or Von Beutsch, and with the subscriber, No. 357 Third Street, opposite the Railroad R. R. depot.
E. SOBOLEWSKI.
dec31d4dly

Fuel, Lumber, &c.

CASH COAL YARD!

C. DUDLEY, AGENT,

IS NOW RECEIVING AND WILL KEEP constantly on hand for sale by the TON OR CARGO, the following Kinds of Coal, of the very best quality and

LOW PRICES!

Delivered in any part of the city on the cars, at short notice. All Coal sold at this Yard warranted full weight and best quality.

LEHIGH PREPARED COAL,
LEHIGH LUMP COAL,
SCRANTON PREPARED COAL,
SCRANTON LUMP COAL,
LACKAWANA PREPARED COAL,
LACKAWANA LUMP COAL,
PITTSTON PREPARED COAL,
PITTSTON LUMP COAL,
BLOSSBURGH COAL,
PITTSBURGH COAL,
ERIE AND CLEVELAND COAL.

Will deliver to dealers and large consumers, at any point on the lake, or on the canal, at eastern prices, adding freight.

All orders addressed to C. DUDLEY, Agent, Milwaukee, will receive prompt attention.

Office and Yard, corner of West Water and Clybourn streets, near Huron Street Bridge, Milwaukee. jy16d26d1y

COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!

JONES & POPE,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS in the various kinds of very best Coal, for Steam, Blacksmith and Family purposes. Also,

Wood, Baled Hay and Water Lime,

Constantly on hand. Wood sawn or unsawn, to suit customers,

AT LOW PRICES,

Delivered to any part of the city, or on the cars, at short notice. All Coal sold here warranted good weight, and of the best quality.

All large consumers and dealers wishing to buy Bituminous Coal by the car load, for steam and blacksmith purposes, please give us a call. We will sell at Cleveland prices, delivered on board vessel, the best and cheapest Steam and Blacksmith Coal now in the market; being proprietors of an extensive Coal mine, and receiving fresh Coals daily at Cleveland, we are prepared to sell as low as any body.

Office of Empire Wood and Coal Yard, corner of Oneida and River Streets, Milwaukee, Wis.

aug23d&6d1y

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WOOD, HAY, AND HOP MARKET.

N. W. Corner West Water and Clybourn sts.

Office with Mabbett & Breed.

BEST SEASONED WOOD, ALL KINDS Cut and Split, ready for use. Every description of BALED PRESSED HAY, and a large lot of NEW EASTERN HOPS of first quality.

All warranted, and delivered free in any part of the city at short notice.
my15d&wly G. H. LAMBERTON.

MILWAUKEE TIMBER YARD.

ONE MILLION FEET.

S. BATCHELDER,

MANUFACTURER OF NORWAY AND White Pine Timber, has established a yard on River St., foot of Martin, for the sale of Timber, Norway Pine Piles, and all kinds of Sawed Timber furnished to order Jy27d&3dly.

Paper Hangings, &c.

COLLINGBOURNE'S

WALL PAPERS.

WINDOW SHADES & FIXTURES

Brushes, and Artist's Colors,

HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTERS

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Charles Bellows & Co.,

41 BEAVER STREET, N. Y.,

IMPORTERS

OF

CROSSE & BACKWELL'S

Pickles, Sauces, Catsups, Mustard, &c.

LONDON AND DUBLIN PORTER AND Brown Stout, quarts and pints.

Scotch and English Ales, pale and strong, in glass and stone bottles, imported in the bottle, all the various brands.

Madeira, Sherry, and Port Wines, in half pipes, quarters and eighths, of the several grades and qualities.

Brandies of Otard, Dupuy & Co., Hennessey, Marrett & Co., Jules Robin & Co., A. & Alex. Seignette, in half, quarter and eighth pipes.

Medair's Swan Gin and Wolfe's Schnapps.

Jamaica, Grenada, St. Croix and Bay Rum.

Fleily, Teneriffe and Marseilles Madeira.

Sparkling and sparing Juice Port.

Champagne Wines, in quarts and pints, of Moet & Chandon, S. H. Mumm & Co., Heidsieck, Bebeche, Fils & Deroiset, &c., &c., the latter in pipes and magnums—also

Claret Wines, of every grade and quality, quarts and pints, from Barton & Guestier, Brandenburg & Co., and Cruse Frere & Fils. Also, fine Burgundies.

Hock Wines, still and sparkling, in all their variety, large and small bottles, from Henckel & Co., Marjenne and Rhines.

Maraschina, Curacoa, Absynthe, Kirkenwasser, Anisette, and assorted Cordials, French, Italian and Swiss.

Choice Teas—Oolong, Souchong, finest English Breakfast, Hyson, Young Hyson, Gunpowder, and Imperial. In tin foil and canisters.

English and French Mustard, in bottles, jars and kegs.

Olives, plain and stuffed, Capers, Sardines, Anchovies, &c.

Gelatine, I. & I. Cox's and Geo. Nelson's.

Bordeaux, Italian and Marseilles, Oil, whole and half bottles, some of which is of the very finest quality.

Blacking, Day and Martin's celebrated Japan, in three sizes.

Worcestershire Sauce, &c., &c.

Havana Segars, &c., &c. feb25d162d1y2&pp

Dry Goods.

MACK BROTHERS

ARE NOW OPENING

A SPLENDID STOCK!

—OF—

RICH AND DESIRABLE

GOODS!!

WHICH WERE MOSTLY BOUGHT at the large

Auction Sales in New York & Boston,

At much less than importation prices. And it is with pleasure that we can inform the ladies of Milwaukee and vicinity, that we are enabled to sell

Goods Cheaper than Ever!

And many styles for less than other Houses could buy them for.

On Wednesday next, we shall open a large lot of

SILKS!

Which could not be bought of the importers for

LESS THAN 75 CENTS!

But which we will sell at

FIFTY CENTS A YARD!

And invite the particular attention of the Ladies to such.

MACK BROTHERS,
Proprietors of the Milwaukee Savings Store,
261 East Water Street, Milwaukee.

Being very busy with opening Goods, we are prevented from giving more particulars to-day, but shall do so next week. sep27 1&3dly

NEW AND CHOICE

SPRING GOODS

J. L. DAVIS,

178 East Water Street, Milwaukee,

Has Opened one of the

LARGEST STOCKS

—OF—

NEW SPRING GOODS

EVER BROUGHT TO THIS MARKET, consisting in part of

NEW STYLES SPRING DRESS GOODS, DRESS SILKS, EVENING SILKS, BLACK SILKS, SILK ROBES, IN SAND'S FLOUNCES, ORGANDIES & JACONETS, FRENCH AND ENGLISH PRINTS, EMBROIDERIES, LACES, HOSIERY & GLOVES, CLOTH, CASSIMERES & SUMMER STUFFS, SHAWLS, MANTILLAS, RAGLANS, &c., &c., &c.

Together with a large Stock of

Housekeeping & Domestic Goods,

WE have also added to our Immense Stock, a Department exclusively for

LINEN GOODS!!

Our attention is especially called to this branch of our Stock, as we shall keep the largest and best selected Stock of Linen Goods of every description, ever kept in the city, and sell them cheap.

OUR THIRD FLOOR is used exclusively for the manufacturing of

Cloaks, Raglans, Mantillas, &c., &c.

We shall keep on hand a very large stock of the latest styles, Raglans, Mantillas, &c., made to order.

LAST, BUT NOT LEAST. We are prepared to exhibit one of the largest and best selected stocks of

CARPETS, RUGS,

OIL CLOTHS, MATTINGS, &c.,

Ever offered in the West. We have the *latest and newest* patterns and styles of Oil Cloths, Brussels, Witch, Tapestry, Bigelow (the best Carpet made), Three-Ply, Ingrains, Oil Cloths, Mattings, Rugs, &c., &c. Persons in want of Carpets, will save money by examining our stock before purchasing.

OUR JOBBING DEPARTMENT

Is full of all kinds of

Dry Goods, Yankee Notions, &c.;

Which will be sold cheap for cash and on short time.

J. L. DAVIS,
178 East Water st., Milwaukee.

Pianos, Melodeons, &c.

Great Display of Piano Fortes,

—OF—

HALLET & DAVIS, IN BOSTON; OF A. H. GALE & CO., IN NEW YORK, AND OTHERS,

MELODEONS,

OF MASON & HAMLIN, IN BOSTON.

Sheet Music and Musical Instruments,

—AT—

A. B. VAN COTT'S

New Music Store, on Main St.,

NEXT TO WISCONSIN ST.

PIANOS FOR RENT CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

Highest prices allowed for old Pianos in exchange for new ones.

The high reputation that Pianos and Melodeons of the above named factories have gained all over the Eastern States; the medals received at different fairs, with the reports of the musical judges, together with the opinions of the most distinguished Professors and Musicians, and that of the Press, present a weight of testimony in favor of these instruments, as to warrant the purchaser of his receiving a superior instrument, worthy to be patronized by the public.

jy29

PIANO FORTE MANUFACTORY

J. S. FARRINGTON,

No. 131 Spring St., Milwaukee, Wis.

IS NOW MANUFACTURING Pianos of all styles, and at prices to suit the times. Work warranted to equal any eastern made instruments both in Tone and finish.

N. B.—Tuning and Repairing of all kinds of musical instruments well and promptly done. jan30d1y

NEW METHOD FOR THE MELODEON —to which is added a collection of new and popular songs, and a variety of Psalms and Hymn tunes. Just Published; price $1.

H. N. HEMSTEDT,
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THE SHILLING SONG BOOK—A COLlection of one hundred and seventy-five of the most favorite National, Scotch, Irish and Comic Ballads of the day, at H. N. HEMSTEDT'S
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ONE HUNDRED VOLUNTARIES, PRELudes, &c., Interludes for the Organ Harmonium and Melodeon, by C. H. Fritz. Price 75c. at H. N. HEMSTEDT'S
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ONE HUNDRED OPERATIC MELODIES for the Flute. Price 50 cents.
H. N. HEMSTEDT'S,
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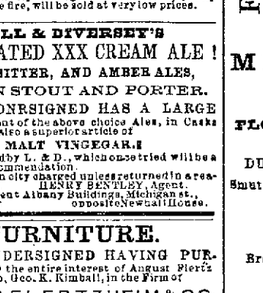

IN STORE AND FOR SALE FROM our own packing at the lowest market prices,

HEAVY MESS PORK,
LIGHT MESS PORK,
PRIME PORK,
HEAVY MESS BEEF,
LIGHT MESS BEEF,
PRIME MESS BEEF,
LARD, IN BBLS. AND KEGS,
TALLOW, by the BBL or LB.

LAYTON & PLANKINTON.

EDWARD RODDIS,

WEST WATER STREET, HAS CONSTANTLY in store, for sale—

Mess Pork;
Mess Beef;
Leaf Lard, in bbls and half bbls;
Bacon, Green and Smoked;
Smoked Sugar Cured Hams;
Smoked Sugar Cured Shoulders;
Soap, Candles, Tallow, &c., &c.

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NEW SUGAR CURED HAMS.

JUST FROM SMOKE HOUSE, A FINE lot of sugar-cured hams and dried beef, for sale by
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BEST RAILROAD TIME-KEEPERS OF THE BEST ENGLISH, SWISS AND American manufacture, in Gold and Silver cases. Great variety of all kinds of Silver and Plated Ware, and new rich Jewelry of every style and description.

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Corner of East Water and Wisconsin street, Milwaukee, Wisconsin. jy29.

HOLIDAY GOODS!!

THE GREATEST VARIETY, BEAUTIful, CHOICE, the FINEST Goods ever brought WEST; just now received.

COME AND SEE, where we ALWAYS AIM to represent goods as THEY ARE, at the Jewelry Store of
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BLAIR & PERSONS,

156 EAST WATER STREET, HAVE ON HAND A SPLENDID STOCK of Parian Marble, Terra Cotta and Chinese Vases, Statuettes, Busts, Card Stands, Jewel Stands, Match Boxes, Colognes Pitchers, Tete-a-Tete Sets, &c. Also Rich Bronzes, Lava Goods, Silver Plated Tea Sets, Cake Baskets, Spoons, Knives, Forks, &c., Toy Tea Sets, Gilt Cups, Decorated Mugs, &c., &c. dec13

Hardware, Stoves, &c.

JOHN NAZRO & CO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

Hardware, Iron, Steel, Nails,

ROPE & TIN PLATE,

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TERMS CASH.

WE HAVE ON HAND A LARGE AND well selected Stock of Goods and shall be receiving during the season, additions to the same. Having adopted the CASH SYSTEM, we shall sell all Goods, either at WHOLESALE OR RETAIL, at the very lowest prices we can afford.

SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT

FOR

Goodrich & Johnson,

216 EAST WATER STREET,

MILWAUKEE, - - - - WISCONSIN.

THEY ARE SELLING OFF THEIR ENTIRE Stock of

STOVES, RANGES,

HOT AIR FURNACES,

HEATERS, GRATES,

TABLE CUTLERY

SILVER PLATED WARE,

BRITTANIA WARE,

PLANISHED & PLAIN TIN WARE,

House Furnishing Goods,

AT COST FOR CASH.

Now is the time for those who wish to furnish their kitchens with a new stove, or the one thousand and one little indispensable articles for House-Keeping, to come and secure great bargains while they are going.

GOODRICH & JOHNSON.
je9 3&5 d1y 216 East Water street, Milwaukee.

JUST RECEIVED.

A Large and Beautiful Assortment

—OF—

IRON FURNITURE.

SUCH AS

Hat Stands,	Umbrella Stands,
Fire Stands,	Fire Setts,
Fire Screens,	Blower Stands,
Coal Hods,	Coal Vases,
Spittoons,	Brackets,
Toilet Ware,	Plate Warmers,

ENAMELED PARLOR GRATES

FROM $6,50 TO $65,00, AT

CARLISLE & STAUGHTON'S,
nov8 Seaman's Block, Huron St.

Removed to Market Square.

SMITH & SENTTLEBEN

PRACTICAL

GAS AND STEAMPIPE FITTERS.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN Plain Gas and Steam Pipes, Lap Welded Boiler Flues, Gas, Steam and Water Cocks, Globe and Check Valves, Gauge Cocks, Steam Gauges, Oil Cups, &c. &c.

ALWAYS ON HAND,

A large assortment of

GAS FIXTURES.

Work done in a workmanlike manner, at short notice and lowest rates. mar16d2m1y

ISAAC KINGSLEY. ANDREW M. PIERCE.

KINGSLEY & PIERCE,

GAS AND STEAM PIPE FITTERS

No. 291 East Water Street,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
Gas and Steam Pipes,
Gas, Steam and Water Cocks,
Globe and Check Valves,
Gauge Cocks, &c.

Always on hand,
A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF GAS FIXTURES.

Work done in a workmanlike manner, at short notice and lowest prices. jel6d&3m1y

Liquors and Segars.

J. J. SANDS,

BREWER

—OF—

PALE CREAM ALE,

AND

X X X AMBER ALE,

SPRING BREWERY,

On Eigth, Chestnut and Prairie Streets,

MILWAUKEE.

ORDERS FROM THE COUNTRY SOLICITED. Price List sent by mail on application. Address, J. SANDS, Spring Brewery, Chestnut, Eighth and Columbian Brewery, Chicago. JOHN G. SANDS, Brewer, and Manager of Spring Brewery. dec18d&1m1y

Longworth's Wines and Brandies.

SAMUEL S. JOHNSON

HAS BEEN APPOINTED SOLE AG'T for the State of Wisconsin, for the sale of N. Longworth's celebrated Wines, of Cincinnati, Ohio. It is the finest Sparkling Wine in the land, and invites the attention of Dealers, Hotel Keepers, and all others in want of his Sparkling and Champagne Wines and Brandies, to call and test the same, and learn their prices, thereby saving freight and exchange. They will be sold by the case or dozen only. His wines are warranted pure, for Sacramental purposes, or any other desired.

SAMUEL S. JOHNSON,
216 East Water street.
aug2d&wlf Milwaukee, Wis.

MORSE & BROTHER,

NO. 192 EAST WATER STREET,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN THE

CHOICEST BRANDS OF FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

CIGARS, TOBACCO, &c., &c.

THE PUBLIC ARE RESPECTFULLY solicited to give us a call. Next door to Uncle Ben's Hat Store.
W. B. MORSE. [dec2-d774-d1y] LEVI MORSE.

MENOMONEE LAGER BEER HALL.

THE MENOMONEE LAGER BEER HALL of C. T. MEINS is removed to the first floor of Ludington's Brick Block, East Water street, one door north

TELEGRAPH!

REPORTED BY THE N. Y. ASSOCIATED PRESS FOR THE DAILY SENTINEL.

The Potter and Pryor Difficulty.

NEW YORK, April 14—8 P. M.

The Tribune's Washington correspondent says: In accepting Mr. Pryor's challenge, Mr. Potter wrote to Mr. Lander, saying he did not see any ground for a hostile meeting on so trifling a cause, and he deprecated duelling, but at the same time was an evident purpose to pursue him to that extremity, he accepted, with the bowie knife for the weapon. Hence, while condemning the practice of duelling, he felt that there was no alternative but to meet the necessity in the manner proposed. Mr. Lander stated his fact to Messrs. Keitt and Chrisman, when the acceptance was delivered. Mr. Potter also delivered to Col. Lander a private letter which probably he had prepared in expectation of such a contingency.

He recapitulated the causes of the quarrel, and stated that he regarded the cause of Pryor's speech as inherent in his person, and was determined to vindicate to the last extremity his own personal rights, as well as those of his constituents.

Such is the substance of his note, which may, or may not, be published. He and his friends regarded this whole difficulty as furnishing evidence of the settled purpose, either to intimidate him into submission, or to compel a resort to exposing his life to unequal chances.

The refusal of Mr. Pryor to accept Col. Lander's voluntary cartel, occasions much comment. He regarded the rejection of Mr. Potter's terms, and the language accompanying it, a reflection upon his principal, and acting upon the precedent in the Graves and Cilley case, substituted himself.

LATEST NEWS!

BY LAST NIGHT'S REPORT

Later from California.

ST. JOSEPH, April 14.—9 P. M.

The first messenger on the central overland pony express arrived here at 4 P. M. yesterday. He came through in ten days to a minute, leaving San Francisco at 4 P. M., April 33.

The State Capital seems permanently located at Sacramento. $100,000 have been appropriated for the commencement of a capital building, which is to cost when completed, $500,000.

The Japanese steamer corvette Candinmarah has been in dry dock at Mare Island navy yard, and put in complete order free of charge.

The U. S. steamer Powhattan, Captain Pearson, bearing the flag of officer Tatnall, arrived the 27th from Japan. She brings a Japanese embassy of the highest rank of nobility in the Empire.

By the Powhattan, advices from Japan to the 15th of February are received. The Government of Japan had commenced stamping Mexican dollars, making them legal currency in that country. This obviates one of the principal difficulties in prosecuting trade with foreigners. The Powhattan arrived at Honolulu March 5th and remained till the 18th.

The news from the Washoe mines is as heretofore reported. Emigration thither is increasing.

The steamer Brother Jonathan arrived this morning with Oregon dates to the 26th, Washington to the 28th, and British Columbia to the 30th.

The bark Glimpse, with cargo valued at $28,000, was wrecked near Victoria on the 15th of March. The vessel was insured for $16,000 and the cargo for $10,000,

The San Juan Island was in joint occupation by American and British troops.

It is estimated that 3,000 white men and 2,000 Chinamen were engaged in mining at Fraser

Mining accounts are encouraging, and new diggings have been discovered in various places.

The news from Oregon and Washington is quite unimportant.

CARSON CITY, A. T., April 4—7 P. M.

The excitement in regard to the silver and gold mines in this region is unabated—hundreds are pouring in from all parts of California. Scarcely a company, who are prospecting, have failed in striking rich ore where they attempted to find it. The mineral region extends for a hundred miles in every direction, and rich discoveries have been made over one hundred miles up the Humboldt. The Spanish claims, situated where the mines were first opened, were yielding $20,000 per day. Ground is changing hands at from twenty to one hundred dollars per foot.

The Mono Lake and Walker river country is rich in minerals, and hundreds are prospecting that country generally with good success.

Ore is now being shipped to San Francisco for smelting from five different companies. Other companies are making arrangements to ship their ore as soon as animals can be procured. The ore sent yields from $2,000 to to $5,000 per ton.

Discoveries of gold bearing quartz are being made every day. Machinery of every description is on its way here for the purpose of crushing, smelting, &c., &c.

Town property in different localities ranges high. Many fire-proof buildings are under construction.

The population is increasing very fast, and it is thought that in two months the population will be 50,000. Society is very bad. There are no laws for the collection of debts, or punishing criminals. Murders and fights are of daily occurrence.

Freights from California are very high—25 to 37½ cts. per pound. Flour is now selling at $40 per 100 lbs. Lumber is worth $300 per 1,000 feet.

At some places in the mines, other things are selling in proportion. The weather is stormy to-day, with a heavy fall of snow in the mountains.

The telegraph line is now completed to Mallory's Station and an office will be opened at that point during the present week. Mallory's is 30 miles east of this city on the route to Salt Lake, and in two weeks the line will be in operation 60 miles still further east, when the time will be reduced to 8 days from St. Joseph to San Francisco for telegraph dispatches.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 4.—6 P. M.—The central overland pony express left here yesterday at 3 o'clock and 45 minutes, amidst cheers of over 3,000 people.

The steamer Powhattan arrived to-day, having on board the Japanese embassy, consisting of 20 officers and 50 servants. A salute of 210 guns was fired by the U. S. revenue cutter and returned by the Powhattan. The Powhattan has gone to Mare Island for repairs.

The amount of gold bullion deposited in the mint last week was 29,954 ounces, and silver bullion to the amount of 7,000 ounces. The amount of money coined was $236,000, mostly in double eagles.

Wm. B Garrison and others are negotiating for a line of propellers to Japan. Garrison goes East in July.

The State Telegraph Branch line was completed to this city last night, having been built from Sacramento to Placerville, 55 miles, in ten and a half working days.

The rush to Carson Valley is still increasing. the hotels are crowded and crowds are leaving every day. Many are detained for want of teams to get over the mountains. Horses and mules are very scarce, and stage seats are engaged ahead. Freight from 20 to 40 cents per pound to Virginia City.

Sailing of Steamers.

NEW YORK, April 14—9 P. M.

The Adriatic sailed to-day at noon for Southampton and Havre, with over 200 passengers. The Kangaroo sailed for Liverpool via Queenstown with 185 passengers. The Bavaria also sailed for Southampton and Hamburg, with a good complement of passengers and New Orleans mails of the 9th and 10th, and telegrams of the 12th. The Adriatic took out upwards of $600,000 in specie.

The Empire City brings Havana advices of the 6th.

Acquitted.

VINCENNES, Ind., April 14—9 P. M.

The examination of James Reynolds, the agent of Adams' Express Co., who was arrested last week on suspicion of being implicated in the recent robbery of their office in this city, was concluded this morning, and resulted in his honorable acquittal. No definite clue to the robbery has yet been discovered.

2344] [Sentinel.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

STATE OF WISCONSIN, CIRCUIT COURT, MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

Charles A Koehler, } Judgment of Foreclosure
against } and Sale.
Garrett Vliet, John B Vliet, The Globe Mills, Edmund Campbell, George W. Peckham, George E. Smith, Winslow F. Burdick, John G. Ingalsbe, Richard Catlin, John L. Hathaway, Charles O. Dodge, Thomas B. Wells, Gilbert W. Roe, Herman Oelrichs, F. W. Rockhoff, Adolphus Reinhold, Thomas B. Mason, and The Juneau Bank.

In virtue of and pursuant to a judgment rendered in said Court in the above entitled action, dated January 7th, 1860, I shall expose for sale and sell at public auction, at the Post Office, in the city of Milwaukee, on Saturday, the 28th day of April, 1860, at the hour of 2 P. M. of that day, the following described mortgaged premises, or so much thereof as may be necessary to raise the amount of said judgment, interest and costs, together with the expenses of sale, to wit:

Lot number two (2), in block number fourteen (14), in Vliet's Addition to the city of Milwaukee, in the county of Milwaukee and State of Wisconsin, together with the privileges and appurtenances to said premises belonging.

Dated Sheriff's Office, Milwaukee, January 20, 1860.

A. J. LANGWORTHY,
Sheriff Mil. Co., Wis.

SMITH & SALOMON, Plff's Att'ys.

jan27'23230w6w

COMMERCIAL.

MONETARY.

SATURDAY, P. M., April 14, 1860.

The money market begins to feel the salutary influence of the general activity that now begins to pervade all departments of business, and the banks will soon have to call all their resources into requisition to meet the wants of our growing commerce. During the past week there has been a much better business demand for money than any preceding week this spring, but no difficulty has been experienced in negotiating good paper. Exchange has been firm at 2 @ ¼ cent premium. Now that our produce has commenced moving Eastward, it is not likely however, that these rates can be long maintained.

COMMERCIAL.

FRIDAY P. M., April 14, 1860.

The following table exhibits the daily receipts of flour and grain by Railroad for the week ending to day and also the exports of the same articles for the week:

RECEIPTS OF BREADSTUFFS FOR THE WEEK.

	Flour, bbls.	Wheat, bus.	Oats, bus.	Corn, bus.	Barley, bus.	Rye, bus.
Monday	961	8,820	332	....	127	....
Tuesday	726	1,955	....	160	....	....
Wednesday	644	4,005	523	995	202	....
Thursday	559	7,294	758	....	424	40
Friday	670	2,926	163	....	254	....
Saturday	488	11,504	3,330	480	137	....
Total	4,084	92,834	50,50	865	1,294	97
In 1859	3,405	13,351	5,192	8,994	1,844	109

EXPORTS.

Past week	12,812	77,306	61	50	800	....

The weekly receipts of flour and grain since January 1st will be found in the annexed table:

Weekly Receipts of Flour and Grain.

Weeks.	Flour.	Wheat.	Oats.	Corn.	Barley.	Rye.
Jan. 7	8474	40442	1691	2129	1069	193
do 14	9297	44869	4212	3007	2960	53
do 21	4194	54982	5090	5247	4570	55
do 28	4057	35553	7640	5587	3992	145
Feb. 4	4115	29747	8054	4847	551	759
do 11	2598	48200	8977	4377	1975	678
do 18	2984	88845	5842	4087	2116	519
do 25	2921	42259	3526	2578	2360	....
Mar. 3	3187	46768	2510	2061	2035	565
do 10	3717	35005	1197	233	3815	360
do 17	5564	99387	2317	3084	3419	52
do 24	6160	45500	3697	3724	5009	190
do 31	4035	30180	1846	925	3975	479
April 7	2946	21312	2021	1730	1916	244
do 14	4084	82364	5050	865	1294	97
Total	55613	641209	63149	45252	37814	5256
In 1859	49800	584414	124896	61154	40464	5702

It will be seen from the above that the total receipts of grain—including flour reduced to bushels—at this city by Railroad since January 1st, amount to 1,063,977 bushels, against 1,019,582 bus., received during the corresponding period last year.

The annexed statement of the weekly receipts of Wheat by Rail Road—including Flour reduced to bushels—from Sept. 1st, 1858 and 1859, exhibits the comparative movement of the two last Wheat Crops:

COMPARATIVE MOVEMENT OF THE WHEAT CROPS OF 1858, '59

Week ending	Crop of 1858.	Crop of 1859
Sept. 4	148,991	168,272
do 11	176,441	296,583
do 18	242,000	342,000
do 25	279,824	395,513
Oct. 2	378,101	387,210
do 9	188,693	366,611
do 16	128,000	413,635
do 23	110,689	366,806
do 30	92,315	429,210
Nov. 6	63,855	396,985
do 13	52,000	276,824
do 20	92,640	165,188
do 27	119,310	157,503
Dec. 4	49,654	94,118
do 11	87,611	71,823
do 18	71,969	78,842
do 25	41,255	82,701
do 31	53,788	46,566
Jan. 8	79,601	57,812
do 15	68,358	58,794
do 22	70,645	72,472
do 29	75,251	55,643
Feb. 5	120,522	50,522
do 12	60,389	61,815
do 19	55,181	55,015
do 26	50 545	42,260
March 5	68,396	47,509
do 12	19,833	51,599
do 19	26,427	127,715
do 26	89,929	75,250
April 2	37,054	59,955
do 9	35,87 6	35,442
do 16	19,424	59,804
do 23	10,225	
do 30	25,190	5,813,750
May 7	86 545	
do 14	58,819	
do 21	181,813	
do 28	73,609	
June 4	49,941	
do 11	39,491	
do 18	37,313	
do 25	28,157	
July 2	29,202	
do 9	13,500	
do 16	32,589	
do 23	17,508	
do 30	1,245	
Aug. 6	11,621	
do 13	12,492	
do 20	15 946	
do 27	57,769	
Total	3,530,951	

The total receipts by Railroad and by Lake for the week, will be found alphabetically arranged, in the following statement:

	By Railroad.	By Lake.	Total.
Alcohol, bbls		200	200
Apples, dried, bbls		499	499
Ashes, casks		10	10
Barley, bus	1,283	44	1,275
Beans, bus	45		45
Butter, lbs	18,743		18,743
Beef, bbls	41		41
Brooms, doz	13		13
Corn Meal, bags	18		18
Corn, bus	865		865
Cattle, head	28		28
Coffee, sacks		248	248
Cedar Posts		1,200	1,200
Candles, boxs		50	50
Eggs, bbls	131		131
Flour, bbls	4,084	83	4,167
Fruit, bxs		107	107
Furs, bxs	64		64
Dressed Hogs	109		109
Glass, bxs		65	65
Hay, lbs	16,642		16,642
Highwines, bbls	200		200
Hides, No	590		590
Hogs, No	85		85
Horses	2	2	4
Herring, bbls		100	100
Hops, lbs	2		2
Hair, sacks	50		50
Iron, bdls and bars		3,094	3,094
Lumber, feet	10,000	488,500	498,500
Lath, feet		8,000	8,000
Leather, rolls		181	181
Maple Sugar, lbs	2,365		2,365
Merchandize, tons		477	477
do pkgs		818	818
Molasses, bbls		23	23
Nails, kegs		385	385
Oats, bus	5,050	125	5,175
Oil, bbls		26	26
Paper, bdls		1,000	1,000
Potatoes, bus	1,218		1,218
Poultry, lbs	135		135
Pails, doz		100	100
Pork, bbls	52		52
Pickets		15,000	15,000
Pelts, bdls	2		2
Powder, kegs	100		100
Rags, lbs	3,753	2,000	5,753
do bales	98	40	138
Sugar, bbls	140	100	240
do hhds	69	15	84
Sundries, lbs	134,016		134,016
do pkgs		51	51
Stone, tons	16		16
Stone Ware, tons	5		5
Shingles, No		285,000	285,000
Shingle bolts, cords		12	12
Salt, bbls	2		2
Tallow, bbls	10		10
Tea, chests		87	87
Tea, half-chests		56	56
Tobacco, bbls		28	28
Tobacco, bxs		49	49
Tin, bxs		371	371
Wagon boxes			
Wheat, bus	82,384		82,384

The total shipments for the week are,

Flour, bbls	12,812	Hides, No	847
Beef, bbls	10	Wool, bales	26
Pork, bbls	725	Butter, lbs	2,279
Eggs, bbls	39	Ashes, casks	340
Wheat, bus	77,306	Salt, bbls	245
Oats, bus	61	Whiskey, bbls	25
Corn, bus	50	Leather, rolls	60
Barley, bus	210	Brooms, doz	15
Grass seed, bus	210	Sugars, bbls	20
Hides, tons	43	Nails, kegs	10
Malt, bags	50	Lime, bbls	100
Middlings, sks	200	Scrap Iron, tons	8
Tobacco, bxs	15	Potatoes, bus	30
Furs, bales	2	Liquor, pkgs	2

There was not so much activity in the produce market to-day, as during each of the previous two or three days, the decline in wheat at New York, yesterday, rather checking the speculative spirit. The dealings in flour were confined to a couple of hundred barrels at $4,75@5,25 for common to choice spring Extra.—Wheat was less firm, but not quotably lower, No. 1 selling to a limited extent at $1,08 in store and $1,04 delivered, and Extra at $1,16. Corn was firmer, and Illinois shelled went as high as 49@50. Oats declined 1c, selling at 30c. Barley firm at 75@80c for good No. 1 to Extra.

CHICAGO MARKET, APRIL 13TH.—Receipts of the articles named, at Chicago, yesterday, were as follows:

Flour, bbls	1,230
Wheat, bus	9,068
Corn, bus	90,190
Oats, bus	2,393
Barley, bus	1,694
Rye, bus	407

The *Press & Tribune* says:

The receipts of corn to-day amounted to 90,190 bus, and the market closed heavy, and 1@2c lower. At the opening there were several lots sold at 44c for No. 1 in store; but it improved on change, and transactions were liberal at 44½@45c, closing in the afternoon dull and heavy, with sales at 44c. About 80,000 noon dull and heavy, with sales at 44c. About 80,000 bus changed hands at 46¾c for canal f. o. b.; 44@45c for No. 1 in store; and 43@43½c for No. 2 in store. There was but little River corn offered, and it was held at 50c all at. The Wheat market also opened quiet, and under unfavorable news from New York, declined 1@2c from yesterday's prices, and closed steady.—About 20,000 bus changed hands at $1,01@1,01¾ for No. 2 Spring; and $1,08 for No. 1 do. Sales were reported at $1,04@1,10c easier, and the sales amounted to about 1,000 bbls at $4,90@5,25 for good to choice Spring extras. Oats were neglected and 1c lower, with limited transactions at 32c in store, and 34c delivered. Rye stead at 53c. Barley quiet, with a good inquiry for choice parcels, which are scarce. Barley in store, however, is dull. Timothy Seed less active, and hardly so firm. Hungarian Grass dull. Highwines loaded with a nominal at 17½@18c. City distillers are holding their stocks off the market at 19c. Provisions quiet. Hides steady.

Freights remain steady. Vessels were chartered today at be for corn to Buffalo and Port Colborne, 9c to Oswego, and 10½c to Prescott.

Weekly Review of Milwaukee Markets.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY SENTINEL, }
Saturday, P. M., April 14th. }

An important advance in breadstuffs, the opening of the Straits, and an unfortunate rupture in our Chamber of Commerce—which latter, we are glad to say is in a fair way of being healed up—mark the past week as a rather eventful one, commercially speaking. The upward tendency in wheat and flour noted in our last, has continued, and the market closes at an improvement in the former of 8@4c on No. 1, and 4@5c on Extra; and in the latter of 15@20c ₰ bbl. The change in the market gave rise to a strong speculative feeling, and it will be seen that large contracts have been made for delivery on the 1st of May, at $1,05@1,05½ No. 1 f. o. b. The closing quotations for wheat are $1,01 for No. 2 in store; $1,08 for No. 1 do; and $1,06@1,11 for milling qualities; and for flour $4@5,25.

Coarse grains have been comparatively neglected, and the only change is a slight improvement in barley.

The receipts and principal transactions of the week in produce and lumber will be found below:

FREIGHTS.—The shipping season has opened at about the same rates as last year, but as there is a larger amount of grain to go forward, and not so many vessels engaged in the lake trade, the prospects for vessel owners are decidedly more encouraging than at that time. Several vessels have been engaged at 6c for wheat to Buffalo, and 10c to Oswego and Ogdensburgh. The propellers are taking flour to Buffalo and Ogdensburgh at the rate of 75c to New York, and 90c to Boston. The rates by the Detroit & Milwaukee Railway are 90c to New York, and $1,10 to Boston, including insurance.

A contract was made for the shipment of 2,500 bbls flour by sail to Buffalo at 25c.

FLOUR.—Receipts for the week 4,084 bbls. Sales: *Monday*—100 bbls "J. B. Smith & Co's" Extra on p. t; 287 bbls "Prairie du Sac" Extra at $5,00 on the track; 100 bbls common white winter at $5,50; 200 bbls fine flour at $3,75. *Tuesday*—no transactions were reported, but sellers were holding at an advance. *Wednesday*—150 bbls "Globe Mills" superfine at $4,90; 100 bbls "Montello Mills" Extra at $4,75; 100 bbls of another brand at same price; 32 bbls "Blue Bells" at $4,75; 100 bbls "Wisconsin River" Extra at $4,80; 100 bbls "Tyler" do at $5,00; 50 bbls "Cedar Creek" do at $5; 50 bbls "Stone Mills" do at $5,50; 50 bbls white winter "Cedar Creek" brand at $5,00; 1,347 bbls "Hiawatha" on p. t.; 250 bbls "City Mills" Extra at $4,90. *Thursday*—100 barrels country Extra at $4,90; 100 bbls "Sauk City" Extra, and 100 bbls "T. S. Wests" do on p. t.; 500 bbls "Marksman" Extra f. o. b. at $5; 300 bbls "Cedarburgh" do at $5,05 f. o. b., 100 bbls "Queen City" do at $5,25. *Friday*—250 bbls "Danville" spring extra at $5,05; 200 bbls "Milwaukee" do at $5,12½; 100 bbls "Hiawatha" do at $5; 200 bbls "Falcon" do at $5; 283 "West Union" do (Iowa) at $5—all f. o. b.; 45 bbls "Marquette" do at $4,75; 178 bbls Fine flour do at $3,70; 76 bbls do at $3,62½. *Saturday*—100 bbls common country Extra, mixed, at $4,00@4,75; 100 bbls "Niagara" Extra at $5,00 f. o. b.

WHEAT.—Receipts for the week 92,384 bus. Sales: *Monday*—Sales 850 bus No. 2 on track at 95c; 855 bus old receipts No. 1 in store at 99c; 700 bus new do at $1; 3,000 bus old receipts do in store—rather above the market—100 bus No. 1 delivered at $1; 280 bus Club delivered at $1,05; 200 bus Extra delivered at $1,07. *Tuesday*—Sales 350 bushels No. 2 in store, old receipts at 95c; 350 bus do new at 99c; 2,000 bus do do delivered at $1,02; 850 bus do at $1,03; 4,000 bus do, 5,000 bus do, 11,579 bus do; 12,400 bus do, all for delivery May 1st, f. o. b., at $1,05; 1,500 bus Club in store at $1,02; 750 bus do at $1,07; 800 bushels Extra at $1,09. 250 bus Club do at $1,07; 800 bushels Extra at $1,09. *Thursday*—Sales 1,750 bushels No. 2 in store at $1,01; 850 bus old receipts do at same price; 1,000 bus No. 1 in store at $1,08; 807 bus do delivered at $1,09, 625 bus do delivered at $1,04; 507 bus Club delivered at $1,06; 275 bus do at $1,07; 772 bus Extra delivered at $1,10; 250 bus do do at $1,11; 10,000 bus No. 1 f. o. b. May 1st, at $1,06¾; cash down. *Friday*—1,050 bushels No. 1 in store at $1,05; 800 bus do delivered at $1,03; 5,000 bus do f. o. b. May 1st at $1,06¾; 500 bus by sample at $1,05; 250 bus Club delivered at $1,09; 300 bus do at $1,10; 1,418 bus Extra delivered at $1,10; 125 bus do at $1,11; 75 bus Red Winter, common, at $1,06; 300 bus common White Winter at $1,12. *Saturday*—250 bus No. 1 in store at $1,02½; 1,000 bus do in store at $1,03; 1,000 bus do delivered at $1,03; 850 bus do delivered at $1,04; 400 bus cubice do, by sample, at $1,05; 750 bus do, by sample, at $1,06; 1,050 bus Extra delivered at $1,10.

OATS.—Receipts for the week 5,050 bush. Sales: *Monday*—350 bus delivered at 31c; 300 bus do at 31c. *Thursday*—45, 125 and 150 bus at 31c. *Saturday*—300 bus at 30c.

BARLEY.—Receipts for the week 1,284 bus. Sales: *Monday*—100 bus common at 61c; 74 sacks extra at 72. *Tuesday*—450 bus No. 2 at 61c; 550 bus No. 1at 66c; 30 bus Extra at 75c. *Wednesday*—67 bushels No. 1 at 67c; 150 bus do at 68c. *Thursday*—200 bus No. 1 at 70c; 50 bus do at 72c. *Friday*—28 sacks No. 1 at 75c; 225 bus No. 1 at 75c; 250 bus do on p. t., understood to be 73c. *Saturday*—75 bags No 1 at 75c; 36 sacks Extra at 80c.

CORN.—Receipts for the week 865 bushels. We quote Shelled dull at 43c. *Saturday*—93 sacks Illinois shelled sold at 49c, and 65 sacks do at 50c.

RYE.—Receipts for the week 97 bus. We have heard of of no sales. It is quoted at 75@77½ for ordinary to best qualities.

GRASS SEED.—Receipts for the week 109 bus. The market for Timothy remains unchanged. Sales: 50 bus ordinary at $2,50; 25 bus prime at $2,75; 10 bus common at $2,50; 29 bus at $2,62; 140 bus prime at $2,75.

HIDES.—Receipts for the week 570. We note a steady market at previous prices. Green 6¼@7c; green salted 7@7½c; dry salted 12@13c; dry flint 14c.

BUTTER.—Receipts for the week 13,743 lbs. There continues to be a good demand for shipment at 8½@9c, and large sales have been made at these prices. Choice table butter is scarce and will bring 12@14c.

PRIMITS.—All kinds are slightly lower than last week. To-day, Highwines are selling at 19½c, in moderate quantities. Whiskey has declined to 16@17c, and Alcohol to 42c.

POTATOES.—We note a sale to-day of 864 bus Minnesota potatoes at 37½c. Good neshannocks are worth 40@50c.

EGGS.—Plenty at 9c.

LUMBER.—Receipts for the week:

Lumber, feet	428,500
Shingles	351,000
Lath	3,000

Sales:

Cargo of sch. Wayne, from Fox Sell, assorted, at $6,-87½.

Cargo of sch. Juniata Patton, from Oconto, assorted, at $6,50.

Cargo of sch. Stronach, from Manistee, bill stuff, at $6,-00.

One cargo of 12 ft. boards, on dock, at $6,50.

Our advices from the lumber districts are to the effect that the logs are still all "up stream," and no very encouraging prospects of their getting down immediately. The snow has all been gone for several weeks, as far north as there has been any lumber cut; the streams are very low, and the ground extremely dry. Notwithstanding this unusual state of things, there is not much inclination at present to speculation on the strength of a short supply, the general impression being that we shall have heavy rains enough to bring down the logs before the 1st of June Should not these expectations prove correct, however, there will be a greater scarcity of lumber in this and the Chicago markets before the close of the season, than there has been before for years.

RAILROAD RECEIPTS.

Receipts by Mil. & Mississippi Railroad for week ending April 14th:

Flour, bbls	664	Hides, No	161
Wheat, bushels	11,200	Butter, lbs	3,405
Corn	425	Rags, do	3,755
Barley, bushels	245	Middlings, bbls	156
Oats, bus	1,331	Eggs bbls	69
Rye, do	97	Tallow, bbls	8
Grass Seed	74	Hogs, No	38
Potatoes, do	1,842	Sundries lbs	21,672

Receipts by Mil. & M innesota Railroad for weekending April 14th:

Flour, bbls	1,592	Hides, No	219
Wheat, bus	5,598	Butter lbs	1,400
Barley, bus	898	Sundries, lbs	69,152
Oats, bus	3,908	Lumber, ft	10,000
Corn do	370	Salt, bbls	3
Beans, do	45	Skins, bxs	1
Grass seed, bus	12	Potatoes, bus	1,047

Receipts by M. Wat. & R. V. R. R. for week ending April 14:

Flour, bbls	952	Hides, No	141
Wheat, bus	4,190	Butter, lbs	13,807
Oats, bus	2,565	Rags, sacks	2,565
Barley, do	415	Beef, bbls	41
Potatoes, bus	56	Pork, bbls	42
Poultry, lbs	188	Eggs, bbls	17
Sundries, lbs	39,953	Cattle, head	2
		Hogs, No	2

Receipts by Mil. & Horicon Railroad for week ending April 14th:

Flour, bbls	41	Hides, No	86
Wheat, bus	1,575	Rags, sacks	98
Barley, do	187	Furs, bxs	64
Eggs, bbls	5	Sundries, lbs	5,300
Butter, lbs	110	Brooms, doz	15
Tenl, carcasses	2	Tallow, bbls	2

Receipts by Milwaukee and Chicago R. R. for the week ending April 14th:

Flour, bbls	95	Pork, bbls	20
Wheat, bus	3,711	Highwines, bbls	57
Corn, bus	60	Eggs, bbls	140
Oats, bus	720	Sugar, hhds	68
Potatoes, bus	8	Cattle, head	20
Corn Meal, bags	18	Butter, lbs	3,501
Hops, bales	2	Hay, lbs	16,000
Horses, No	4		

Walter Brown's Monthly Wool Circular.

NEW YORK, April, 1860.

During the past few days a number of persons who are interested in wool growing have applied for information in regard to the probable value of this staple during the coming season. In the course of a few weeks I shall issue an annual circular, similar to those issued by me in the firm of Brown, Howe & Brown, in which I shall be able to speak more definitely as to prices consignors may expect to realize in this market after the clip. At present, I can only offer some considerations, which may affect the value of wool, and which are as follows, to wit:

1st. Short crop. The high prices of wool in all foreign markets will very much check importations, and in all probability the amount received from these sources will be much less than in 1859, and consequently any indication in itself favorable to American woolgrowers. But, this very state of things in England, Germany, &c., while it keeps the best wools out of the reach of manufacturers, affords our coarse wools and pettives a better supply, and under conditions quite advantageous to us; for while the raw material is entrenched behind a duty of 24 per cent, the manufactured goods are admitted at a duty of 20 per cent, and undoubtedly are generally placed at very low valuations, affording also to their infinite variety of kinds and quantities, abundant facilities and inducements for false valuations. The natural consequence of this state of things is seen felt in this their best market, where all varieties of woolen fabrics flow in, as they are now doing to such an extent as very seriously to depress our home products, and thus act directly and indirectly to our great injury. This is the inevitable result of placing such a duty on any raw material as shall put any advantage in the hands of foreign competitors.

Our woolen manufacturers do not need protection; give them fair play and equal advantages, and they will make better goods for the same money than can be produced abroad. Home competition will do all that is within the reach of possibilities in producing the article at the lowest price. Again, while our manufacturers are flourishing, the raw material is always active, and consumers are willing to pay remunerating prices. Thus, while the high price of wool in all foreign woolen markets, and the influx of foreign woolen goods we are daily receiving, bears strongly against such a result. Our markets are, for the second successive season, supplied with both American and foreign wool of all the various qualities, and the markets for several weeks have been slowly declining till they are now from five to ten per cent lower than on January 1st, and it is possible there may be a further slight decline, chiefly attributable, should it occur, to a desire on the part of holders to close up entirely the year's business previous to the opening of another season. It is well known that dealers, who purchased wool in the country, especially in the latter part of last season, did not realize any profit, and that many manufacturers would have saved money had they remained at home and made their purchases as they needed stock, instead of going west, and laying in yearly supplies. The number of manufacturers who will visit the wool-growing sections during the next few months will probably be much less than last year. The true system which should be adopted between producer and consumer is to consign the wool to careful and faithful agents, who will sell it directly to the consumers, discriminating as to the condition and quality of the wool, the careful handling of one grower, and the equally careless putting up of another, and so disposing of it that the man who with an honest pride has thoroughly cleaned his fleeces, and in tying them up has left out all tow-for-yarn substances, shall receive his fair and just return for the same, while he, who has unscrupulously rolled up in his half-washed fleeces more or less dead wool, tags, or even stones, shall get paid only for his wool, and that in proportion to its condition.

Such as these last alluded to, I should recommend not to send their wool to an Eastern market. But those, who after caring well for their sheep, handle their fleeces properly, I would say that in the run of five successive years they will realize an average of five cents per pound more by sending their wool to market, and having it sold directly to manufacturers at market prices here, than they can obtain from agents, who purchase through the country with little or no discrimination. It is the honest wool growers and their light, clean wool which pay the profit to the speculator, and prevent his being heavily on the unsalenble portions of their purchases. The farmer, whose wool is cheap at 50 cents gets no more per pound than his neighbor, whose wool being dirty, &c., is dear at 40 cents. The man buying in the neighborhood is limited to 45 cents, because the former cannot afford to pay over this price for wool, the other would obtain for his clip 50 cents, and the other would get 40 cents. Let growers have wool that there is no difference of ten cents per pound, some inducement to emulate the more successful party. For this cause, which for a long time must continue to exist, and is entailed upon the present mode of selling wool to agents in the West, I think all good wool growers will find that they can only get fair value received by exposing their wool for sale in a market where consumers purchase for themselves, and discriminate very closely both as to quality and condition. Another course would probably do more than anything else to improve the general character and condition of American wool.

During the early part of the month, prices of American wool were quite steady, and considerable sales were effected at current prices, or with but slight concessions. A number of large sales of low foreign wool were reported in Boston. Later in the month some fair sales of fleece and pulled wools, and of graded California were made at a further slight reduction; also some large sales of Mexico, Cordova, Canada and other descriptions at low clothing prices, reported in Boston to a dealer of this city on private terms. For the last few days trade has been generally dull; sales of 100 bales unwashed Smyrna and 200 bales African reported—some small lots of domestic wool, only have been reported.—For the next month it promises to be very quiet, with moderate orders from customers, who are all disposed to work close.

NEW YORK MARKET.

[By Telegraph.]

NEW YORK, April 14—6 P. M.

FLOUR—Quite firm with fair demand for the eastern and local trade and a moderate inquiry for export. Sales 12,000 bbls at $4,90@5,05 for super state, closing at the latter price; $5,15@5,30 for extra state; 5,35 for super western; 5,40@5,75 for common to medium extra western; 6@6,15 for shipping brands extra round hoop Ohio; market closing firm. Included in sales are 2,500 bbls superfine and extra state for export. Canadian flour firm with fair inquiry; sales 600 bbls at 5,70@6,15 for common to choice extra. Rye flour quiet and steady at 3,65@4,00 for common to choice superfine.

WHEAT—Little more steady. Better export demand. Sales, including those of last evening, 48,000 bush Milwaukee Club at 1,23@1,27½; 12,000 bush Chicago spring at 1,21@1,22; 1,000 bush white at 1,40. Corn—Sales 1,000 bush Western mixed at 58c.

OATS—In good supply and market is heavy; sales 5,500 bus at 32@34 afloat and delivered for mixed western; 36 for yellow Jersey.

BARLEY—In good supply and dull in moderate demand; 60 for Canada western and Canadian; 45½ for State.

WHISKEY—Dull and heavy; 21 offered, 21½ asked.

PORK—Shade firmer and quiet; sales 550 bbls at $15